



Always Better.

EN Series Screw Air Compressor

Operation, Maintenance and Parts Manual

CIN:L29120TZ1960PLC000351

EN 30
208-230/460V, 3Ph, 60Hz



Product Manual

EN Series

Electric Powered Screw Air Compressor

EN 30 - 125.0

208-230/460V, 3Ph, 60Hz

©

ELGI EQUIPMENTS LIMITED

Coimbatore, TN - 641 005

Part / Document No. 019001005

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Machine Identification and Sale Record



Owner's name / Company name	:
Phone number	:
Contact person	:	.....
E-Mail address/ Phone number	:	.....
Model	:	.....
Fab. No.	:	.....
Year of manufacture	:	.....
Motor	:	..... kW (HP)
Capacity	:	..... m ³ /min (cfm)
Rated pressure	:	..... bar.g (psi.g)
Date of delivery	:	.....
Date of commissioning	:	.....
Dealer name/address	:	..... ..... .....
Dealer's signature	:	.....

NOTE

The warranty on the compressor is valid only if all the details above are filled in and the dealer stamps and signs this page. This report must reach the Regional Office/Head Office of ELGi within seven days of commissioning date.

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ELGi, established in 1960, designs and manufactures a wide range of air compressors. The company has gained its reputation for design and manufacture of screw compressors through strategic partnerships and continuous research and development. Over the years, it has emerged as a multi-product, multi-market enterprise providing total compressed air solutions to all segments. ELGi's design capabilities translated into a wide range of products ranging from oil-lubricated and oil-free rotary screw compressors, reciprocating compressors and centrifugal compressors.

ELGi is one of the few companies in the world capable of manufacturing wide range of air ends and compressor packages. ELGi has most modern manufacturing facilities with high precision grinding machines, turning centres, CNC horizontal and vertical machining centres and also the latest self measurement technology to maintain precise, aerospace manufacturing tolerances. ELGi's manufacturing plants are ISO and EOHS certified.

Over two million ELGi compressors are powering business in 70+ countries worldwide. The company offers a strong sales and service network with a well-knit distribution network of dealers and distribution, worldwide. ELGi has its own manufacturing operations in India, Italy and USA with subsidiary offices in Australia, Bangladesh, Brazil, China, Indonesia, Italy, Malaysia, Middle East, Sri Lanka and Thailand. The company is fast expanding its global footprint, attracting distributors and customers with its new generation products.

Need help...?

In India

You can contact ELGi customer care system (ECCS) to take care of customer complaints. The ELGi CCS works for six days a week from 08:30 to 21:30 IST (Monday to Saturday). The complaints can be logged by calling any of the following toll free numbers or by e-mail.

Toll free : **1800 425 3544**

E-Mail : ccs@elgi.com

Website : www.elgi.com

Before making service request for your compressor, keep ready the details printed on the name plate of the compressor and machine identification and sale record of this manual. When ordering spare parts, refer to the lists provided in the parts manual and identify the part number. Specify the part number and quantity, in addition to the name plate details.

Refer "ELGi services" for more details about ECCS under chapter "Maintenance".



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2.1 Using the manual

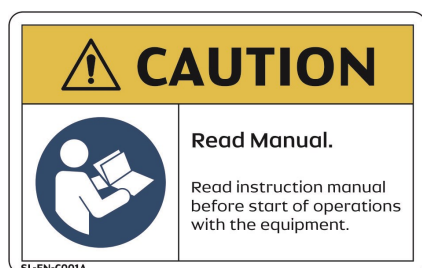
This operation and maintenance manual has been specially designed keeping the customer in mind so that the person can get the most out of this EG compressor. Before starting the compressor, it is requested that the manual should be read thoroughly. It contains vital information about installation, commissioning, operation and useful tips on maintenance to keep the compressor as good as new, year after year. The manual has been prepared with utmost care to help you understand the various systems of the compressor, along with descriptions, information and illustrations.

Following chapters are provided to help operate the compressor in its best way.

- **Safety** - safety precautions that must be followed while using the compressor.
- **Technical specifications** - technical details about the compressor.
- **Installation and commissioning** - all site requirements, procedures to be followed during installation, commissioning, preservation etc.
- **Functional description** - parts, their function and working.
- **Operating instructions** - to operate the compressor properly.
- **Maintenance** - how to do the maintenance for the compressor and their intervals.
- **Troubleshooting** - identification and solving the problems.
- **Decommissioning** - how to decommission the compressor, its disposal etc.
- **ELGi services** - services from ELGi: CCS, air audit, spare parts
- **Appendix** - conversion tables, torque values, service log book

Refer to the parts manual to identify the part number of the required spare. Mention the Fab number, model and part number while ordering.

This manual must be made available to the compressor operating and maintenance personnel at all times.



2.1.1 Definitions and symbols

This information is related to your safety and also to prevent any problems relevant to the equipments used. To help recognize this information better, the symbols are illustrated in section "**safety**".

All the information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest product information at the time of preparation of the manual. Product improvement is a continuous process in ELGi. The details in this manual are likely to change without notice and ELGi reserves the right to incorporate such changes.

NOTE

Note clarifies procedures or conditions which may otherwise be misinterpreted or overlooked. Note may also be used to clarify apparently contradictory or confusing situations.

WARNING

Warning calls attention to dangerous or hazardous conditions inherent to the operation, cleaning and maintenance of the compressor which may result in fatal accident and personal injury of the operator or other staff

CAUTION

Caution is to draw attention to a procedure which, if not done correctly can lead to compressor damage.

Welcome to the ELGi customer family. ELGi compressors are the source of compressed air in various segments across the globe.

ELGi compressors are known for:

- Greatest reliability
- Fewer maintenance intervals
- Ease of use
- Highest safety

The ELGi screw compressor is designed to deliver:

- High energy efficiency
- Low maintenance cost
- High discharge air quality

All the above factors assure a low life-cycle cost.

The rotors incorporate a specially designed eta-v profile- ELGi patented profile-which emphasizes on improving reliability, performance, and efficiency. The Eta-v profile is the latest and the most energy efficient profile in the industry globally, assuring consistent performance during the entire life of the compressor. ELGi screw air compressors incorporate a compact design and compressor run with low noise or vibrations. The capacity control system ensures optimum air intake during start-up, normal running, and unloading stages, minimizing power consumption. The oil separation system ensures that maximum oil is separated from compressed air, ensuring the best air quality with very little oil carry-over.

Uptime

At ELGi, we are changing the way you look at compressed air systems. It's no longer just about delivering air. It's about delivering uptime. Our uptime design ensures that the compressors run cooler, cleaner, and longer with longer service intervals. The uptime components deliver the best in quality and enable your compressor to run smoothly, efficiently, and profitably. With uptime assurance, we back our pledge, with industry-leading warranties, parts availability, loaner compressors, and call centres staffed by experts. We thank you for purchasing an ELGi compressor and assure you the best service during the entire life of the compressor.

EN SERIES

Your EN SERIES compressor belongs to a family of rotary screw compressors from ELGI. The compressor has only two moving parts - the rotors - which are separated by a thin film of oil to prevent wear and increase compressor reliability.

The screw compressor technology ensures that output capacity does not diminish even after many years of operation. It involves a continuous flow of air through helical cavities in the screw so that compressed air delivery is pulsation free.

EN SERIES compressors ship in a compact design and are self-contained. The absence of reciprocating parts helps the compressor run without noise or vibration. The discharge temperature of the coolant oil is low, less than 195°F (90°C) under normal conditions, and therefore, carbonized oil does not form in the compressor.

Salient Features

- Two-stage air filter
- Improved air filter life cycle
- Noise-free package suitable for in-house operations
- High volumetric efficiency
- Efficient air-oil separation by OSBID (Oil Separation By Impact and Deceleration)
- Reliable fan that works even at high temperatures
- Robust cooling system
- Industrial designed canopy
- Compact and hardly space-intensive
- Split-type oil coolers for easy serviceability
- Flush type panels for easy handling
- Anti-vibration mounts for restricted vibration
- Increased life of consumables
- Zero-leak flanged joints.
- Oil carry-over < 3 ppm
- Advanced Neuron controller
- Globally certified product - CE / UL and other country specific approvals.

The operator must follow the safe working practices, instructions, procedures that this manual describes for safe operation. The maintenance personnel must be adequately trained, and have read and thoroughly understood this 'Operation and maintenance manual'. Decals are affixed at specific locations of the compressor and they illustrate very important safety precautions.

2.3.1 Precautions during installation

- Ensure that you fasten all loose parts before lifting. Select the appropriate lifting equipment by considering the local safety regulations, size and weight of the compressor. Operate the lifting equipment carefully within the safe operating limits. Ensure all necessary personal protective equipment's (PPEs) is close at hand during this operation.



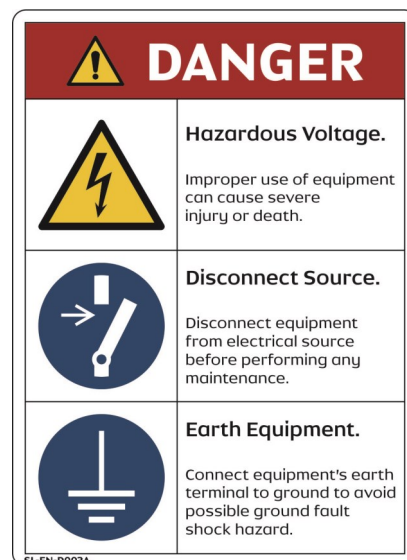
- Maintain a cool and clean ambient for the compressor and ensure that the air inlet is not obstructed. Make arrangements to reduce the moisture entry through the incoming air.
- Remove protection such as caps, plugs, desiccant bags before connecting the air line pipes.
- Remove the red colored protective clamps from the airend and motor while commissioning the compressor.



- Do not use frayed, damaged or worn hoses. Distribution pipes and connections must be of the correct size and suitable for working pressure.
- Make sure that the aspirated air by the compressor is free of flammable fumes, vapors and particles, to prevent internal fire or explosion.
- For remotely controlled compressors and auto-start compressors, provide a clear caution stating: **"DANGER" – Remotely controlled machine and will start without notice**



- Ensure the operator is located far away from the intake of the compressor.
- Position the after-cooler discharge pipe in a way that it is free to expand under heat and is not in contact with or close to flammable materials.
- Do not exert external force on the air outlet valve and keep the connected pipe always free of strain.
- Make available adequate cooling air must be made available for the compressor particularly air cooled compressors. Make sure that exhausted air does not circulate back to the intake or cooling system.
- Make the electrical connections according to the legal standards and earth the compressor suitably. Provide a sufficient number of fuses and other protective devices to protect the compressor against short circuits. Good practice is to provide an isolating switch nearby the compressor.
- Install manual valves behind non-return valves (NRV) to isolate each compressor in multi-compressor systems. Do not rely on NRV for isolating pressure systems.
- Do not bypass, remove or adjust the safety devices or other attachments residing on the compressor. Every installed pressure vessel or auxiliary outside the compressor should have pressure relieving device or devices, as required.



- Danger! Be aware that compressed air used for breathing or food processing must meet O.S.H.A.

1910.134 or F.D.A. 21 C.F.R. 178.3570 regulations. Failure to do so may cause severe injury or death.

- Insulate or use protective guards to cover pipes or other parts that may exceed 80°C (176°F). High-temperature pipes must have a clear marking as potentially dangerous.
- Position the compressor on level surface. In case of inclined surface, contact ELGi.
- Do not allow compressed air to come in contact with food and related items unless they are compressed air-treated specifically.
- Be aware that this air compressor is intended for generating only industrial-use compressed air.

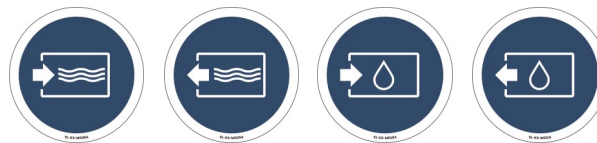
2.3.2 Precautions during operations

- When switching on remotely controlled compressors ensure that no one is checking or working on the compressor at that time.
- Before starting, ensure that no tools or any loose parts remain inside the compressor.
- Do not operate the compressor if a possibility exists that it could inhale flammable or toxic fumes, vapors or particles.
- Do not operate the compressor below or above its operating limits.
- Wear ear protectors if you work in an environment where the sound pressure level reaches or exceeds 90 dB (A).
- Keep all the compressor doors shut during operation. For carrying out routine checks, the doors should open only for short durations not more than 10 minutes. Wear ear protectors when opening a door.
- Keep hands, feet, floors, controls and walking surfaces clean and free of water or other liquid to minimize the possibility of slips and falls.

Pressure release

- Know that annual servicing of the safety valve is necessary. It should be checked at the prescribed pressure for operation.
- Use correct tools for maintenance and repair work. Do not allow the manufacturers' rated safe operating pressure to exceed for pipes, valves, filters and other fittings.
- It is hazardous to point the compressed air directly towards any personnel. Keep personnel out of the line of the discharge air when opening hoses or other points of compressed air discharge.
- Use only the correct type and size of hose end fittings and connections. When blowing through a hose or airline ensure that the open end stays securely. A free end will whip and may cause injury. Make sure to

depressurize a hose fully before disconnecting it.



- Release all the pressure in the compressor system before servicing or performing any maintenance activity.
- Do not engage in horseplay with air hoses. Serious injury or death may result.
- Do not use air at a pressure greater than 2.5 bar.g (36 psi.g) for cleaning purpose.
- Open the oil fill cap only when the compressor is not running and is not pressurized. Shut down the compressor and bleed the receiver tank to zero internal pressure before removing the cap.

Fire and explosion



- Clean up spills of lubricants or other combustible substances immediately.
- Shut down the compressor and allow it to cool down before checking or adding oil. Remove sparks, flames and other sources of ignition away from the compressor.
- Do not permit smoking in the vicinity of the compressor.
- Do not use flammable solvents for cleaning purposes.
- Keep electrical wiring and other terminals in good condition. Replace any wiring that has cracked, cut, abraded or otherwise degraded insulation. Keep all terminals clean and tight.
- Keep grounded conductive objects such as tools away from exposed live electrical parts like terminals to avoid arcing, which might serve as a source.
- Keep oily rags, trash, dry leaves, litter or other combustibles out of and away from the compressor.
- Do not operate the compressor without a proper flow of cooling air or with an inadequate flow of lubricant or with a degraded lubricant.
- Do not attempt to operate the compressor in a hazardous environment of any classification unless the compressor has been specially designed and manufactured for explosive applications.

Moving Parts



- Rotating fan blades can cause serious injury. Disconnect power supply before attempting service.
- Keep compressor doors closed except when servicing or during maintenance. The sound damping material on the inner side of the compressor body should not be removed or tampered with.
- Wear snug-fitting clothing and tie long hair when working around the compressor, especially when hot or moving parts such as the cooler, the airend, the thermal valve, the main motor or the fan motor are exposed.
- Keep hands, arms and clothing away from couplings, fans/belts and other moving parts.
- Do not attempt to operate the compressor with the fan guards, coupling guards/belt guards or other guards removed.



- Keep hands, feet, floor, controls and walking surfaces clean and free of fluid, water or other liquids to minimize the possibility of slips and falls.

Hot surfaces



- Avoid bodily contact with hot oil and hot surfaces like cooler, pipes etc.
- Keep all parts of the body away from all points of air discharge.
- Keep a first aid kit handy. Seek medical assistance promptly in case of injury. Do not ignore small cuts and burns.

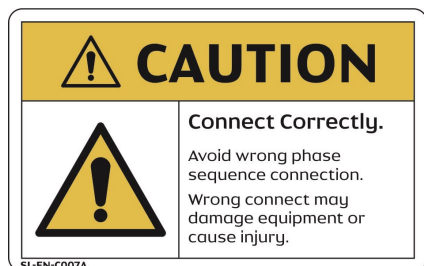
Toxic and irritating substances

- Do not use air from the compressor for breathing.
- Always wear safety equipment while operating the compressor. Refer OSHA safety standards.
- Do not allow compressed air to come into contact with any edible items.
- In the event of ingestion of oils, coolants or lubricants used in the compressor, seek medical treatment promptly. In case you come in contact with such substances, wash with soap and water. Use MSDS for oil to know more on this.
- If warm cooling air from the compressor is being used in air heating systems, e.g. to warm up a work room, take precautions against air pollution and possible contamination of the breathing air.

Electric shock

- Keep all parts of the body and any handheld tools or other conductive objects away from exposed live parts of the electrical system.
- Stand on a dry or insulating surface and do not contact any other part of the compressor when making adjustments or repairs to exposed live parts of the electrical system.





- Before switching on the compressor ensure that proper earthing is done as per recommendation.
- Make all adjustments or repairs with one hand. This minimizes the risk of creating a current path through the heart.
- Conduct repairs only in a clean, dry, well-lit and ventilated area.
- Do not leave the compressor unattended with open electrical enclosures. If necessary to do so, disconnect the power to the compressor at the source and lock it out so that power is not inadvertently restored.
- Disconnect, lock out, and tag the power source prior to attempting repairs or adjustments, turning the compressor manually or handling ungrounded conductors.
- All electrical installation must be in accordance with recognized electrical codes and any local health & safety codes.
- Recognize that only authorized and qualified trained personnel should carry out any electrical work on the compressor.
- Regularly check that all electrical connections are tight and in good condition.

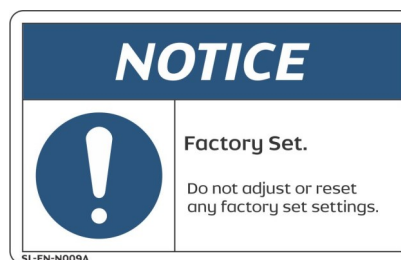
Periodically check whether

- All guards are in place and securely fastened.
- All hoses and pipes inside the compressor are in good condition, secure and not rubbing against each other.
- Any leaks exist.
- All fasteners are tight.
- All electrical leads are secure and in good order.
- Safety valves and other pressure relief devices are not obstructed by dirt or paint.
- Air outlet valve, i.e. pipes, couplings, manifolds, valves, hoses, etc. are in good repair, free of wear or abuse.
- The air-oil tank is properly grounded.

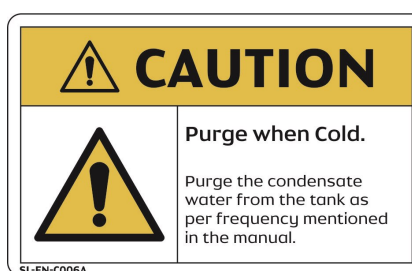
2.3.3 Precautions during maintenance

- Use safety glasses and incorporate safe working practices before maintenance work.
- Use appropriate tools for all maintenance works.

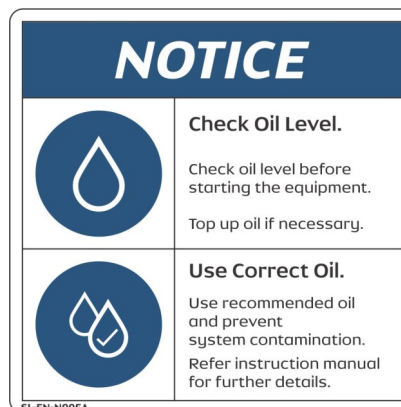
- Use only genuine spare parts. Refer the **section "Use genuine spare parts"** in **"Maintenance"** chapter.



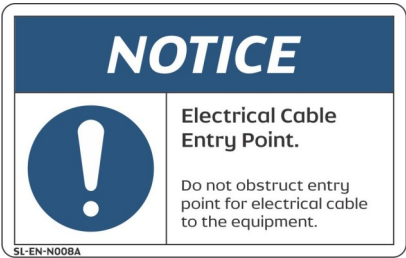
- Ensure that the compressor is cooled down before maintenance is performed.



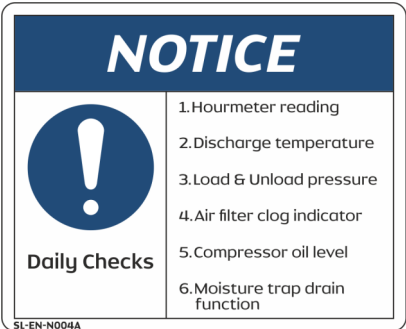
- Springs under tension or compression store energy. Uncontrolled release of this energy can cause serious injury or death. Be cautious while performing the maintenance of components loaded with springs (for example minimum pressure valve, safety valve etc.).
- Display a warning sign that says **"Maintenance under progress, don't switch on"** near the start switch.
- Isolate the compressor from the air line (discharge) and disconnect the power by opening and locking the isolating switch before maintenance.
- Prior to attempting repairs or adjustments, disconnect the power at the source and verify at the compressor that the circuits have de-energized. This minimizes the possibility of accidental start-up or operation, especially when the compressor is remotely controlled.
- Open the oil filler cap only when the compressor is not running and is not pressurized. Shut down the compressor and bleed the receiver tank to zero internal pressure before removing the cap.



- If you are going to switch on remotely controlled compressors must ensure that nobody is checking or working on the compressor at that time. A warning sign near the equipment's start button is mandatory.
- Wait up to five minutes to ensure that the air in the air-oil separator tank is released to start routing maintenance.



- Vent all internal pressure prior to opening any line, fitting, valve, drain plug, connection or other components such as filters. Vent pressure by popping up the safety valve.
- Display a maintenance chart near the compressor to easily identify the maintenance intervals of regular service items.



2.4 Functional description

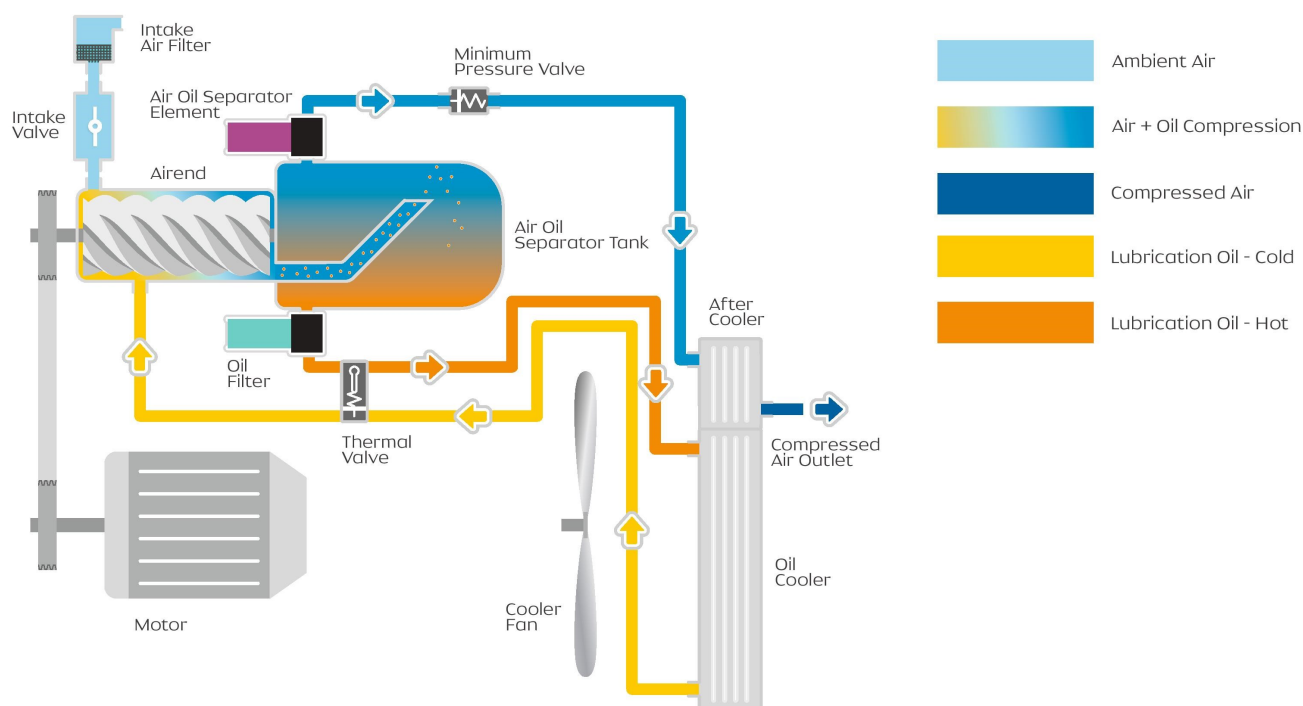


Figure 1. Screw compressor systems - Schematic diagram

2.4.1 Air circuit

Atmospheric air enters into the airend through the air intake system. The intake filters (pre filter and air filter) prevent the entry of foreign particles (such as dust) into the airend. Dust and micro particles above 10 microns are separated by the pre filter and particles above 3 microns are filtered off by the air filter. The intake valve regulates the amount of air sucked into the airend. The opening and closing of the intake valve is controlled by the pneumatic pulse line actuated by the electrically controlled solenoid valve.

The filtered air enters into the airend where it mixes with the injected oil. The injected oil acts as a coolant to maintain optimum temperature. It also seals the leaks between the rotors and the housing and lubricates the bearings and gears. The airend consists of two counter-rotating intermeshed helical screws — the male and female rotors — which are driven by an electric motor. The air-oil mixture is trapped between the rotors of the airend and is progressively compressed.

After being compressed, the air-oil mixture enters into the air-oil separator tank, with high velocity, where it undergoes a unique 3-stage separation process to remove maximum oil content. This highly efficient 3-stage separation process uses the impact velocity of the air-oil mixture along with the OSBID process to make the mixture very lean. The final stage of this separation consists of passing the lean mixture through the air-oil separator element to ensure an oil content of 3 ppm and less in the air.

The oil separated and collected in this element is then returned to the airend through the scavenging line. The air passes through a minimum pressure valve (MPV). It maintains a minimum differential pressure required for circulation of oil within the compressor unit. The compressed hot air is cooled in the after-cooler. .

2.4.2 Oil circuit

The separated oil in the air-oil separation tank flows into the airend. The oil either diverts to the oil cooler or oil filter or both depending upon the temperature. The thermal valve governs and controls the oil flow path. The oil before being injected into the airend is filtered. An orifice residing in the oil flow path towards the airend controls oil flow. Any small quantity of oil, separated and stored in the separator element, enters into the airend through the scavenging line. The whole oil circulation circuit in the compressor is operated solely by the differential pressure maintained by the minimum pressure valve (MPV) and doesn't require any additional pump.

2.4.3 Drive system

The airend is powered by an electric induction motor through a belt and pulley. When the compressor is turned ON, the motor is started in star mode and it takes 6 to 9 seconds to change over to delta mode. During this period, the intake valve closes and thus the motor starts without load. In delta mode, the motor speed stabilizes, the solenoid valve energizes after 10 seconds of changeover to reduce motor load, the blow down valve closes, the intake valve opens and the compressor starts loading. This ensures very little starting load. Next, the intake valve opens and the system starts building up pressure. Anti-

vibration mountings reside below the airend and the motor. This configuration reduces the transmission of vibration from both the airend and motor to the structure, reducing noise and ensuring reliability of the parts mounted on the structure.

2.4.4 Control system

Depending on the demand for compressed air from the application at a particular time, the compressor needs to respond accordingly. The compressor, therefore, operates in either loading or unloading mode to meet this requirement. The primary objective of these modes is to save energy and reduce wear and tear on the machine. The control system ensures a smooth start without overloading the motor.

The compressor is started in star mode, during which most of the compressed air is vented to the atmosphere. This mechanism helps prevent overloading of the motor. In delta mode, the motor speed stabilizes, the solenoid valve energizes after 10 seconds of change-over to reduce load on the motor, the blow-down valve closes, and the compressor starts loading.

When the receiver pressure reaches the maximum limit, a signal arrives at the solenoid valve from the control system. Next, the inlet valve actuates and closes, and the compressor runs in unloading mode. If unloading mode continues for more than 5 minutes, i.e., no compressed air is consumed and thus no decrease in pressure occurs, the system stops and switches to standby mode. If a drop in pressure occurs in the receiver, the compressor returns to loading mode automatically.



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6		
12	SAFETY VALVE	1
11	AIR FILTER	1
10	COOLING FAN	2 *
9	DRIVE PULLEY	1
8	BELT	2
7	DRIVEN PULLEY	1
6	CONTROL PANEL	1
5	INTAKE VALVE	1
4	AIR OIL SEPARATOR	1
3	OIL FILTER	1
2	AREND	1
1	MOTOR	1
SMD	DESCRIPTION	QTY

Technical drawing of a machine with dimensions and labels. The drawing shows a rectangular machine with various components labeled with circled numbers 1 through 12. A dimension line labeled 'Z' indicates a vertical measurement. A circular symbol with a crosshair is also shown.

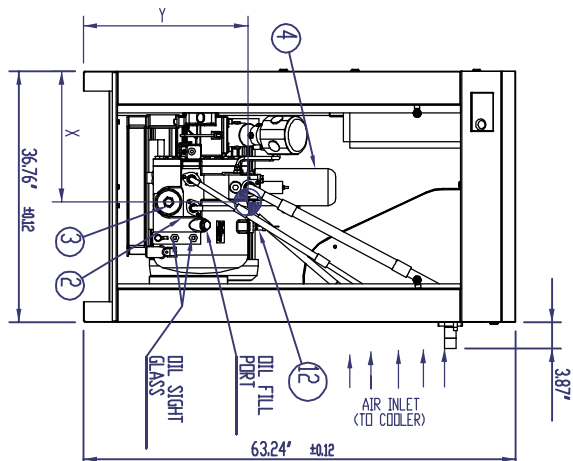
Centre of Gravity

X (inch)	Y (inch)	Z (ft)
19.17"	24.03"	21.0

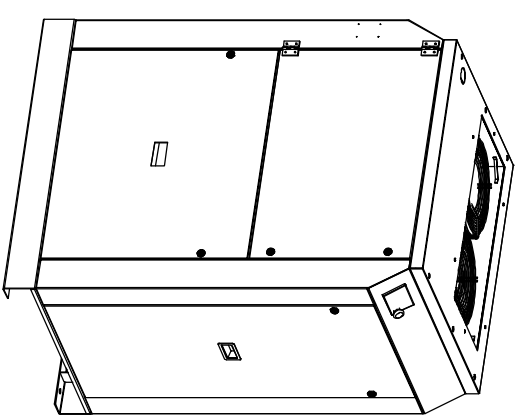
POWER (HP) PACKAGE WEIGHT IN POUNDS FOR 230V (+/- 10)

20	1239
25	1259
30	1345
40	1495

REV. NO.	ECNO.	DATE
6		



REV. NO.	ECODNo.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	ALT. BY	CHKD. BY
6			5	4	




NOTE:

- ① Indicates ducting dimension
- ② All dimensions without tolerance are for reference only
- ③ Minimum distance required around the compressor is 300mm on all sides and 2m at top (Installation requirement)

*As per

- IS:461 – JIofan 2 to be replaced with the cover
- 18 to 30kW – 2Nos



S.No.		DESCRIPTION		Dty.	DRAWING No.	Rev.	REMARKS	
MODEL :		EN 15x 110 EN 30						
MATERIAL :		-						
WEIGHT :				GA DRAWING EN102-60HZ				
		NAME	DATE					
CAD		SD	04.12.12					
CHECKED				SCALE		1:20		
APPROVED								
		REF.DRG.No.		DRG.No.		NEXT ASSY.		
				DWSHEET				
				<input type="checkbox"/> OF <input type="checkbox"/>		REVISION		
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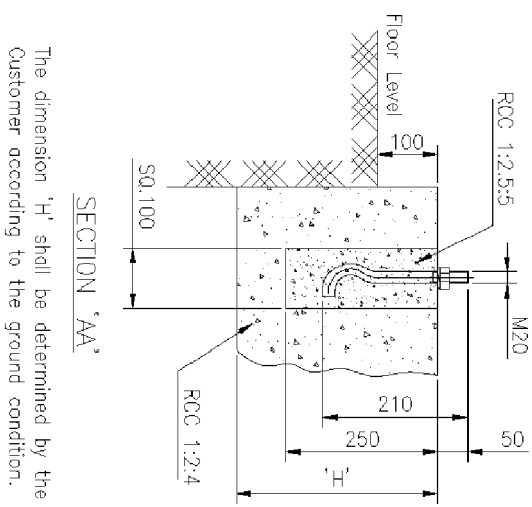
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For UNSPECIFIED
TOLERANCE Refer
Drg. No. 012392230


MACHINING DEVIATION FOR OPEN DIMS.IS 2102(Medium)									
DIM.	OVER	-	6	30	120	315	1000	2000	>4000
	UP TO & INCL.	6	30	120	315	1000	2000	4000	
	TOLERANCE	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.8	±1.2	±2	±3

SURFACE FINISH SYMBOLS												
ROUGHNESS SYMBOL												
ROUGHNESS VALUE R_a	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5	N6	N7	N8	N9	N10	N11	N12
μm	0.025	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.8	1.6	3.2	6.3	12.5	25	50

ROUGHNESS SYMBOL												
	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5	N6	N7	N8	N9	N10	N11	N12
ROUGHNESS VALUE R_a	0.025	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.8	1.6	3.2	6.3	12.5	25	50



(OPTIONAL)

Sl.No.	DESCRIPTION	Qty.	DRAWING No.	Rev.	REMARKS
MODEL :	EN 15x 10 EN 30				
MATERIAL :	-				
WEIGHT :					
CAD	NAME	DATE	REF.DWG.No.	DWG.No.	NEXT ASSY.
CHECKED			SCALE		
APPROVED			1:20		
			DWG.SHEET	3 OF 3	REVISION
					R 0 1 1
3				2	

GA DRAWING

EN102-60HZ

ELGI ELGI EQUIPMENTS LTD.,
COIMBATORE - INDIA

DO NOT SCALE THIS DWG. IF IN DOUBT, ASK ENGG. DEPT.

ELGI
ELGI EQUIPMENTS LTD.,
CHENNAI - INDIA

JI EQUIPMENTS LTD.,
COIMBATORE - INDIA.

4.0 Technical data

Standard

Model	-	EN 15X				EN 18				EN 22				EN 30			
Working pressure	psi.g	100	125	150	175	100	125	150	175	100	125	150	175	100	125	150	175
FAD - Free air delivery	cfm	93	82	74	69	113	98.5	93	82	132	118	107	96	155	138	126	117
	m ³ /min	2.63	2.32	2.10	1.95	3.20	2.79	2.63	2.32	3.74	3.34	3.03	2.72	4.39	3.91	3.57	3.31
Unloading pressure	psi.g	104	129	154	179	104	129	154	179	104	129	154	179	104	129	154	179
Nominal power supply conditions	-	208V - 230V / 460 V(+/-10%),60Hz(+/-5%),3Phase															
Main motor rating	hp	20				25				30				40			
Type of motors (main drive & fan drive)	-	3Ph squirrel cage induction motor and 1Ph fan motor															
Insulation and protection of main motor	-	Class F / IP 55															
Frame size / mounting type	-	256T/B3								284T/B3				324T/B3			
Type of starter for main motor	-	Star delta starter															
Maximum fan motor rating per fan X no. of fans	hp	0.35 x 2 (208V - 230V) / 0.39 x 2 (460V)															
Rated speed of fan motor	rpm	1490 (208V - 230V) / 1560 (460V)															
Safety valve set pressure	psi.g	205															

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5.1.1 Commissioning

Before you operate the new EN series compressor for the first time, install it at your site according to ELGi's Installation specifications.

For safe operation of the compressor, the servicing technician performs a series of checks on the compressor and the systems to which the compressor connects. The technician will explain to the compressor operator how to operate and maintain the equipment. This procedure is referred to as the commissioning process.

The commissioning of your compressor is a necessary safety step. The general operating conditions of the equipment, including the cleanliness of the ambient atmosphere, the temperature and ventilation, are checked. Technical details relating to your system, such as particulars of your electrical installation, are verified. The commissioning process includes familiarizing your compressor operator with all aspects of the compressor's normal running and dealing with unusual situations.

Please make preparations according to the instructions provided in the Installation section for your EN Series compressor to be commissioned. Ensure that the location chosen meets the requirements of accessibility, ventilation, and safety. Provide electrical power as recommended in the Installation section. Select air pipe lines and receivers for your system according to the tables provided in the same section.

After completing the commissioning process, the technician will fill in the commissioning report and the warranty card.

NOTE

Ensure belt tension as per the drive table during commissioning.

5.1.2 Unpacking

Unpack the compressor from the packing case by removing the nails or pins. Unscrew the bolts as you hold the compressor to the base of the crate.

Once you have separated the packing material, check the contents against the packing list. The compressor ships with the following items:

- The key to doors
- The operation and maintenance manual
- A checklist of parts of the machine
- An electrical drawing

Tools may be provided on request. If any components are missing, contact ELGi immediately.

5.1.3 Handling

- If the compressor consists of a lifting bail, then use only the bail to lift the bail machine. If no bails exist, lift the

bail machine using slings. Always use slings and not the lifting bail to airlift compressors by helicopter.

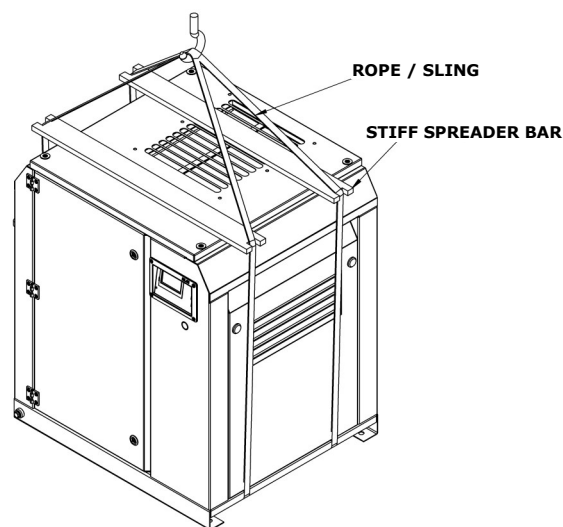


Figure 2. Lifting using crane

- Prior to lifting, inspect the lifting bails and points of attachment for cracked welds; for cracked, bent, corroded or otherwise degraded members; and for loose bolts and nuts.
- Make sure the entire lifting, rigging, and supporting structure has been inspected, is in good condition, and has a rated capacity of at least the net weight of the compressor. If you are unsure of the weight, then weigh the compressor before lifting it.
- Make sure the lifting hook has a functional safety latch, or equivalent, and is fully engaged and latched on the bail.
- Use guide ropes or equivalent to prevent twisting or swinging of the machine once it has been lifted clear off the ground.
- Do not attempt to lift the compressor in high winds.
- Keep all personnel away from the compressor when it is suspended.
- Do not lift the compressor higher than necessary.
- Make sure the lift operator is present throughout the duration that the compressor is suspended.
- Set the compressor down only on a level surface that is capable of supporting at least its net weight plus an additional 10 per cent allowance .

NOTE

Removal of transit brackets:

Once the compressor settles down in its final position, remove the red painted transit bushes and store for future use.

Locations:

- *Bushes in between the base and structure*

5.1.4 Site requirements

- Install the air compressor in a clean, dry, cool, and dust free room as extreme temperatures (hot or cold), moisture, and airborne contaminants can significantly affect compressor performance, durability, and compressed air quality.
- Be aware the entrance to the compressor room should be high enough and wide enough to carry the compressor in and out.
- Leave a minimum of 1m (3.28ft) space around the compressor for safe and proper inspection, cleaning, and maintenance activities.

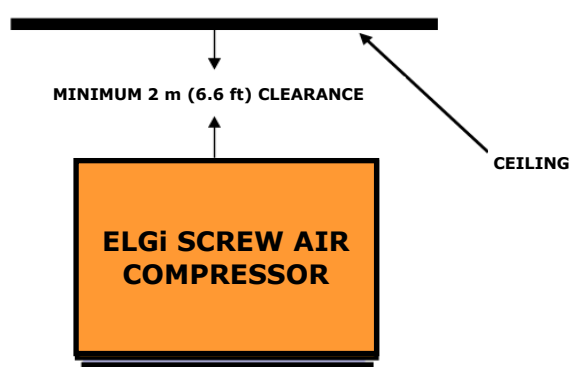


Figure 3. Vertical clearance around the compressor

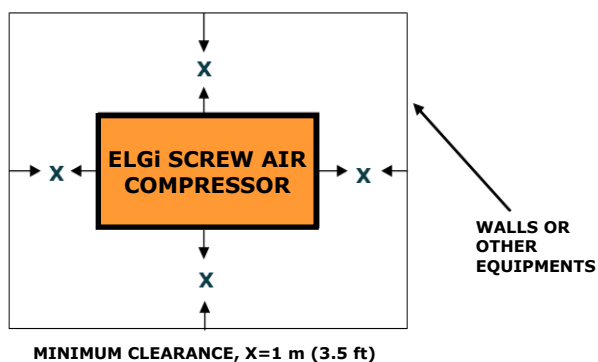


Figure 4. Horizontal clearance around the compressor

- Leave a minimum of 2m (6.56ft) space above the compressor for hot air to flow away from the compressor.
- Ensure the compressor is protected against direct sunlight and rain.
- Avoid exposing the compressor to excessive moisture (from rain, dryer vent, etc.) as moisture can affect airend lubrication, promote rust formation on the compressor, and lead to electrical problems of the motor.
- Neither install the machine in a location where flame is used nor place any inflammable objects near the compressor.
- Ensure the room temperature is within 45°C (113°F), as high ambient temperatures will result in reduced oil life due to higher discharge oil temperature (DOT). It also results in high approach temperatures affecting the cooling and condensation efficiency in the after-cooler and in air treatment equipment like air dryers.
- Ensure the hot medium of other utility equipment like gensets/dryers/ boilers, etc., is not sucked by the compressor inlet or that in any way the room temperature does not rise to prevent high discharge oil temperature.
- Ensure the ambient temperature does not drop below 0°C (32°F). Provide air supply openings and adjustable louvers to ensure that the minimum temperature does not drop down below 0°C (32°F).
- Install the compressor on a smooth, solid, level industrial concrete floor capable of bearing the weight of the compressor. Ensure unevenness of the surface is within 6mm (0.25") and taper is within 50 per meter.
- If the floor is splashed frequently with water while cleaning, then place your compressor on a raised concrete plinth 100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 inches) high.
- Ensure the compressor base makes 100% contact directly with the floor.
- Know that an industrial floor with a level surface capable of supporting the weight of the compressor is sufficient for installing your compressor. No special foundation or anchoring is necessary for rotary screw compressors.
- Do not store toxic, volatile, or corrosive agents near the compressor.
- Isolate the compressor from corrosive agents like ammonia, chlorine, salt spray, and other chemicals as these may erode the internal components and also contaminate the oil and filters.
- Do not allow hot air from additional equipment to blow towards the compressor.
- If you operate in high dust applications like rice mills, cement, flour mills, etc., clean and replace the filters more often.
- Good practice is to have overhead lifting in the compressor room to facilitate any major overhaul. If an overhead hoist is not available, you should be able to use a mobile crane or forklift truck in your compressor room at a minimum.

5.1.5 Ventilation and exhausting hot air

- Ensure adequate ventilation in the compressor installation area. Your compressor has a ventilating air requirement of 600 to 1200 cfm.

Guidelines to compressor ventilation setup:

Follow these guidelines when providing ventilation for the compressor:

- Provide openings close to the floor level on walls/ partitions close to the air suction side of the compressor
- Provide exhaust openings close to the ceiling for hot air exit.
- Ensure the air velocity in the supply and exhaust ducts does not exceed 13.1ft/s (4m/s).
- Determine air velocity during commissioning using an anemometer.
- Do not connect cool air inlet ducts directly to the compressor inlet side.
- To eliminate transmission of vibrations, provide a soft bellows connector between the duct and the compressor.
- Contact ELGi in case you need to provide a duct connection or filter fitment on the compressor.
- Do not direct forced flow of cool air towards the compressor.
- Locate the compressor such that hot air from other machines is not directed towards it.

NOTE

Suspended particulate matter should be less than 150 spm to achieve the specified consumable life.

Guarantee is void if the compressor is operated above its intended pressure.

WARNING

Ensure that only authorized electricians perform electrical work. Study the electrical circuit diagram before starting work.

5.1.6 Electricals

Electricals 60Hz

You must provide a lockable main switch unit with pre-connected slow-blow main fuses as per industrial safety regulations. Power supply should be 208/230V 1 Ph 60Hz with earth PE or 208-230V/460V 3 Ph 60Hz with earth PE.

The fuse and cable specifications for 208-230V, 60 Hz 1 Ph, 208-230V 60Hz 3ph and 460V 60Hz 3ph power supplies appear in the table below.

You must also provide a switching fuse unit with pre-connected slow-blow main fuses as per industrial safety regulations. Power supply should be 208/30V 1 Ph with earth PE or 208-230V/460V 3 Ph with earth PE.

NOTE

Supply power to the compressor through a fuse switch unit of a suitable rating mounted on the compressor at a height of 5mm.

The fuse and cable specifications for 208-230V, 60 Hz 3 Ph and 460V 60Hz 3ph power supplies appear in the table below.

Power supply	208-230 V 3Ph		208-230 V 3Ph		460 V 3Ph		380 V 3 Ph		
Motor Power kW/ hp	7.5/ 10	11/ 15	15/ 20	7.5/ 10	11/ 15	15/ 20	7.5/ 10	11/ 15	15/ 20
Nominal current (A)	32	47	63	15	23	29	17	24	34
Cable material	Copper conductor only								
Power supply cable (AWG) (L=30ft)	3 x 8	3 x 8	3 x 6	3 x 12	3 x 12	3 x 10	4 x 4	4 x 6	4 x 10
Upstream fuses (A) (Type RK/CC/J)	40	63	80	20	32	40	25	32	50
Switching fuse unit (A)	63	63	100	32	32	63	32	32	63

Electricals 50Hz

You must provide a switching fuse unit with pre-connected slow-blow main fuses as per industrial safety regulations. The power supply should be 380V/400V/415V, 50Hz, 3 phase with (PE) earthing.

The fuse and cable specifications for 380V/400V/415V, 50Hz, 3 Ph power supplies appear in the table below.

You must provide a switching fuse unit with pre-connected slow-blow main fuses as per industrial safety regulations. The power supply should be 380V/400V/415V, 3 phase with Neutral.

The fuse and cable specifications for 380V/400V or 415V, 50Hz, 3 Ph power supplies appear in the table below .

Model	Recommended pre-connected fuse rating (A)	Incoming copper cable size (mm ²)	Incoming aluminium cable size (mm ²)
15 kW	50	4 x 10	4 x 16
18 kW	63	4 x 16	4 x 25
22 kW	80	4 x 16	4 x 25
30 kW	100	4 x 25	4 x 35

Earthing

Verify the total power supply requirements provided on the compressor nameplate before connecting the compressor to electrical lines. Connect the earthing line to the point provided in the control panel box of the compressor.

Check the direction of rotation as per the arrow indication, to check-start the compressor. Stop it immediately after the check-start by pressing the emergency stop button.

Switch on the compressor after ensuring all the above points and let it run at the rated speed.

In case of problems during the compressor operation, check the warning fault code that appears in the controller of the compressor. Refer to the Functional Description and Operation sections of this manual to know more about the fault.

If you hear any abnormal noise when operating the compressor, switch it off immediately and contact the ELGi service engineer.

Follow all above points when you need to reinstall the compressor at a different location. If the compressor had been in storage for an extended period before commissioning, contact the ELGi service engineer.

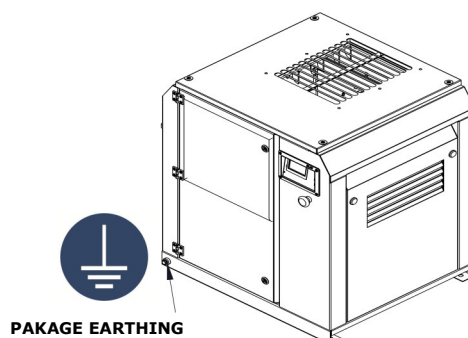


Figure 5. Earthing line of compressor

5.1.7 Air pipe dimensions

Volume Flow FAD		NPS Pipe size/ Inside diameter (mm)									
		1/2		3/4		1		1 1/4		1 1/2	
		15.80		20.93		26.65		35.05		40.89	
(m ³ /min)	(cfm)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)
0.1	4	0.02	0.22								
0.2	7	0.06	0.80	0.01	0.20						
0.3	11	0.12	1.69	0.03	0.41	0.01	0.12				
0.4	14	0.20	2.88	0.05	0.71	0.01	0.21				
0.5	18	0.30	4.35	0.07	1.07	0.01	0.32	0.01	0.08		
0.6	21	0.43	6.09	0.10	1.49	0.03	0.45	0.01	0.11		
0.7	25	0.57	8.10	0.14	1.99	0.04	0.59	0.01	0.15		
0.8	28	0.73	10.38	0.18	2.54	0.05	0.76	0.01	0.19	0.01	0.09
0.9	32	0.90	12.90	0.22	3.16	0.07	0.95	0.02	0.24	0.01	0.11
1	35	1.10	15.68	0.27	3.84	0.08	1.15	0.02	0.29	0.01	0.13
1.2	42			0.38	5.38	0.11	1.61	0.03	0.41	0.01	0.19
1.4	49			0.50	7.16	0.15	2.14	0.04	0.54	0.02	0.25
1.6	56			0.64	9.16	0.19	2.74	0.05	0.70	0.02	0.32
1.8	64			0.80	11.40	0.24	3.41	0.06	0.87	0.03	0.40
2	71			0.97	13.85	0.29	4.14	0.07	1.05	0.03	0.49
2.2	78			1.16	16.52	0.35	4.94	0.09	1.25	0.04	0.58
2.4	85			1.36	19.40	0.41	5.80	0.10	1.47	0.05	0.68
2.6	92					0.47	6.73	0.12	1.71	0.06	0.79
2.8	99					0.54	7.72	0.14	1.96	0.06	0.91
3	106					0.61	8.77	0.16	2.23	0.07	1.03
3.5	124					0.82	11.66	0.21	2.96	0.10	1.37
4	141					1.05	14.93	0.27	3.79	0.12	1.75
4.5	159					1.30	18.57	0.33	4.71	0.15	2.18
5	177							0.40	5.73	0.19	2.65
5.5	194							0.48	6.83	0.22	3.16
6	212							0.56	8.02	0.26	3.71
6.5	229							0.65	9.30	0.30	4.30
7	247							0.75	10.67	0.35	4.94
7.5	265							0.85	12.12	0.39	5.61
8	282							0.96	13.66	0.44	6.32
8.5	300							1.07	15.28	0.50	7.07
9	318							1.19	16.99	0.55	7.86
9.5	335							1.32	18.477	0.61	8.69
10	353							1.45	20.64	0.67	9.55
15	530									1.42	20.22

Volume Flow FAD		NPS Pipe size/ Inside diameter (mm)									
		1 1/2		2		2 1/2		3		4	
		40.89		52.50		62.71		77.93		102.26	
(m ³ /min)	(cfm)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)	(bar)	(psi)
0.8	28	0.01	0.09								
0.9	32	0.01	0.11								
1	35	0.01	0.13								
1.2	42	0.01	0.19								
1.4	49	0.02	0.25	0.01	0.07						
1.6	56	0.02	0.32	0.01	0.09						
1.8	64	0.03	0.40	0.01	0.11						
2	71	0.03	0.49	0.01	0.14						
2.2	78	0.04	0.58	0.01	0.17						
2.4	85	0.05	0.68	0.01	0.20	0.01	0.08				
2.6	92	0.06	0.79	0.02	0.23	0.01	0.09				
2.8	99	0.06	0.91	0.02	0.26	0.01	0.11				
3	106	0.07	1.03	0.02	0.30	0.01	0.12				
3.5	124	0.10	1.37	0.03	0.39	0.01	0.16				
4	141	0.12	1.75	0.04	0.50	0.01	0.21				
4.5	159	0.15	2.18	0.04	0.63	0.02	0.26	0.01	0.09		
5	177	0.19	2.65	0.05	0.76	0.02	0.31	0.01	0.11		
5.5	194	0.22	3.16	0.06	0.91	0.03	0.37	0.01	0.13		
6	212	0.26	3.71	0.07	1.06	0.03	0.44	0.01	0.15		
6.5	229	0.30	4.30	0.09	1.23	0.04	0.51	0.01	0.17		
7	247	0.35	4.94	0.10	1.42	0.04	0.58	0.01	0.20		
7.5	265	0.39	5.61	0.11	1.61	0.05	0.66	0.02	0.22		
8	282	0.44	6.32	0.13	1.81	0.05	0.75	0.02	0.25		
8.5	300	0.50	7.07	0.14	2.03	0.06	0.83	0.02	0.28	0.01	0.07
9	318	0.55	7.86	0.16	2.25	0.06	0.93	0.02	0.31	0.01	0.08
9.5	335	0.61	8.69	0.17	2.49	0.07	1.02	0.02	0.35	0.01	0.09
10	353	0.67	9.55	0.19	2.74	0.08	1.13	0.03	0.38	0.01	0.10
15	530	1.42	20.22	0.41	5.80	0.17	2.38	0.06	0.80	0.01	0.21
20	706			0.69	9.87	0.28	4.06	0.10	1.37	0.02	0.35
25	883			1.05	14.92	0.43	6.13	0.15	2.07	0.04	0.53
30	1059			1.46	20.90	0.60	8.59	0.20	2.90	0.05	0.75
35	1236					0.80	11.43	0.27	3.86	0.07	0.99
40	1412					1.03	14.63	0.35	4.94	0.09	1.27
45	1589					1.28	18.20	0.43	6.14	0.11	1.58
50	1765							0.52	7.46	0.13	1.92
55	1942							0.62	8.90	0.16	2.29
60	2118							0.73	10.46	0.19	2.69
65	2295							0.85	12.13	0.22	3.12
70	2471							0.97	13.91	0.25	3.57
75	2648							1.11	15.80	0.28	4.06
80	2824							1.25	17.81	0.32	4.58
85	3001							1.40	19.92	0.36	5.12
90	3177									0.40	5.69
95	3354									0.44	6.29
100	3530									0.48	6.92
150	5295									1.03	14.64

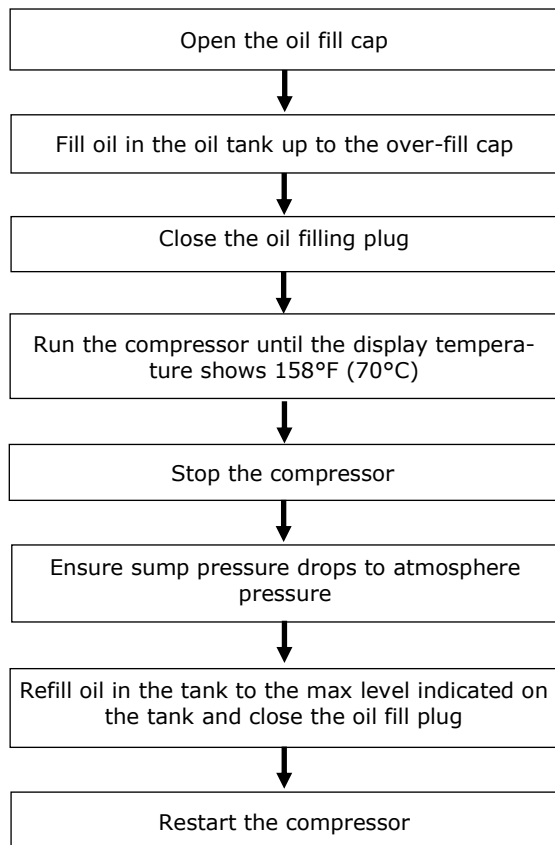
Table 1. Global series – Air pipeline dimensions

NOTE

The above table shows the pressure drops in 100m length schedule 40 steel pipe at 7 bar (abs)

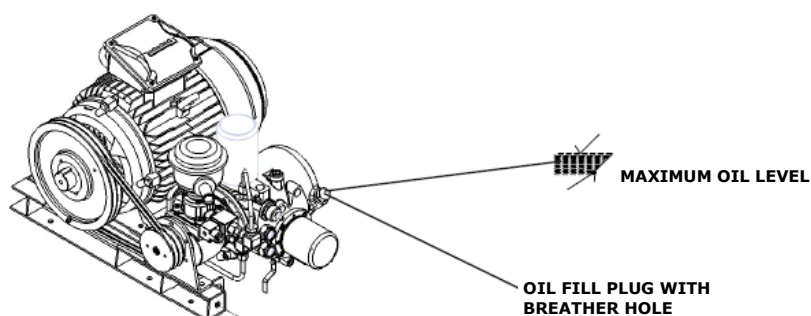
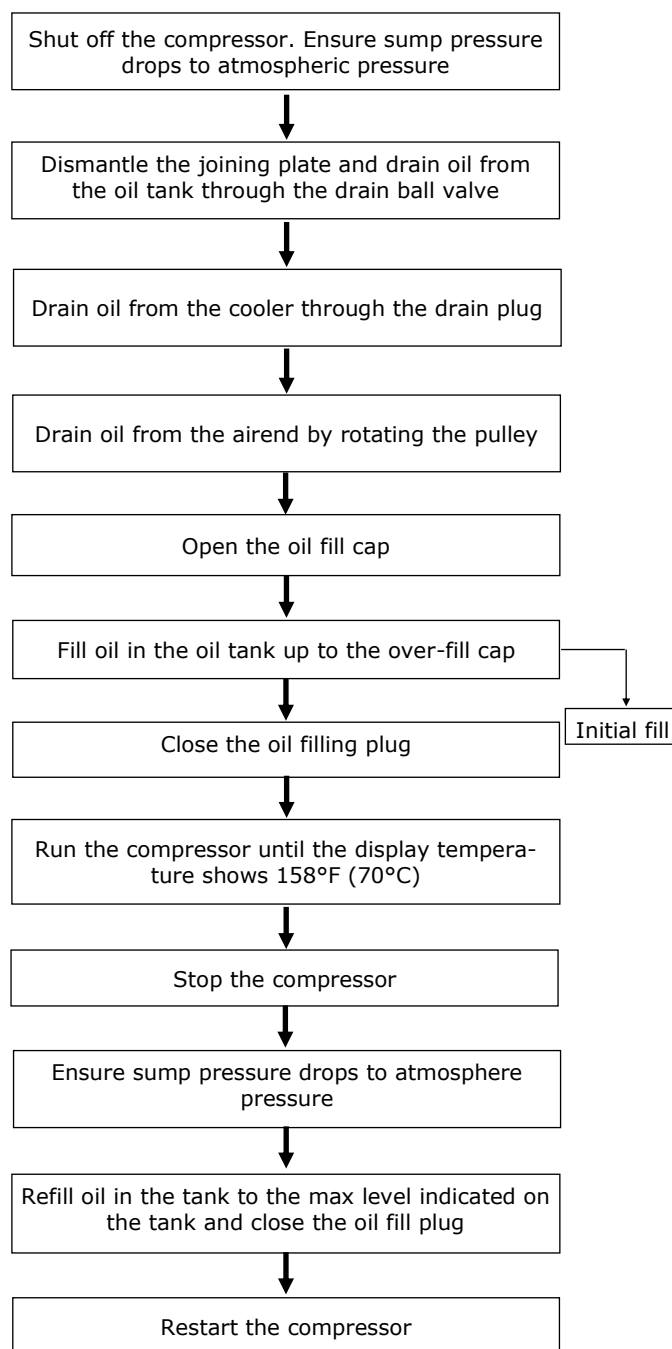
5.1.8 Oil fill procedure

Procedure for filling oil in a newly assembled machine



Sl. No.	Model	Volume of oil required Litres (gallons)	Initial fill Litres (gallons)	Second fill, after cranking Litres (gallons)
1	EN 15X - EN30	11(2.9)	11(2.9)	0

5.1.9 Procedure for changing oil in the compressor during service



5.1.10 Direction of rotation

Check the direction of rotation of the main motor when starting the compressor for the first time. You do this by switching on the compressor and switching it off within 5 sec. Press the green start button to power on and the red mushroom stop button to power down the compressor. The motor must rotate in the clockwise direction when viewed from the main motor cooling fan side. If the direction of rotation is not correct, isolate the machine from the electrical lines and interchange any two phases. Restart the compressor and ensure that the direction of rotation of the main motor is counterclockwise and the fan motor is clockwise.

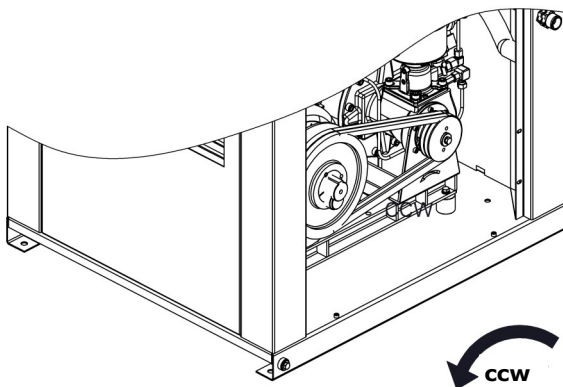
Switch on the compressor after ensuring all the above points and let it run at the rated speed.

In case of problems during the compressor operation, note the fault message in the controller display of the compressor. Refer to the Functional Description and Operation sections of this manual to know more about the fault.

If you hear any abnormal noise when you run the compressor, switch it off immediately and contact the ELGi service engineer.

Follow all above points when you reinstall the compressor at a different location.

If the compressor had been in storage for an extended period before commissioning, contact the ELGi service engineer.



If you do not intend to use the compressor for a prolonged period, take special measures to ensure the protection of the following components:

1. The airend
2. The motor
3. The air oil sump or receiver tank

5.2.1 Airend

- Drain the oil from the air oil separator tank.
- Rotate the airend drive pulley by hand as you remove it.
- Block the connection port completely.
- Remove the intake filter and intake valve. Pour rust preventive oil (Castrol DWX 32 or an equivalent grade/brand) into the airend through the rotor intake area.
- Rotate the drive pulley by hand so that rust preventive oil spreads all over the bearings, seals, and other parts of the airend.
- Drain the rust-preventive oil by opening the drain plug fully.
- Refit the piping and belt.
- Ensure that all the openings are plugged to avoid dust entry.
- This procedure protects the airend for up to six months when the compressor is stored long. It must be repeated every six months during prolonged storage.

5.2.2 Motor

- Check the insulation of the motor winding.
- Remove any moisture in the motor.
- Check junction box terminals for tightness of wires.
- Apply grease on motor bearings.
- To prepare the motor for 1-year storage .

Other consumables

- Oil filter element
- Air filter element
- Separator element

5.2.3 Air-oil separator tank

- Drain the oil from the air-oil separator tank.
- Remove the entire tank from the compressor after disconnecting it from all hoses, the minimum pressure valve outlet line, control pulse lines, and control switches.
- Clean the tank using DWX 32 oil.
- The separator tank may now be stored for up to two years. Replace the separator element before using the compressor again.

5.2.4 Disposal of packing

The wood used in the shipping crates of the Encap series compressor is biodegradable.

The polyethylene covers wrapped around the compressor and the polystyrene packing provided around the electrical panels are not recyclable. These must be disposed of in accordance with prevailing environmental laws.

5.3.1 Safety system and interlocking device

5.3.1.1 Discharge temperature sensor

This sensor enables the dryer to shut down the compressor if the discharge oil temperature mixture reaches a preset value of 230°F (110°C) ± 41°F (5°C). It resides on the airend outlet cover or the receiver tank.

5.3.1.2 Minimum pressure valve

This valve resides at the outlet of the oil separator and maintains a minimum receiver tank pressure of about 58 psi. It facilitates proper air and oil separation, and oil circulation to the airend.

5.3.1.3 Pressure relief valve

The pressure relief valve relieves pressure in the oil receiver tank when working pressure exceeds 217psi g (15 bar).

5.3.1.4 Overload relays for main motor and fan motor

These relays reside on the electrical control panel. They ensure that the compressor shuts off when power consumption exceeds a set value.

5.3.2 Operation control system

Perform these tasks before starting the compressor:

- Fill oil in the tank as per the oil filling procedure.
- Open all the doors and visually check the machine for suitable operation.
- Open the electrical panel at the front of the compressor and check whether the three phases with earth PE are connected securely.
- Check the necessary grounding line in the band/compressor base.
- Ensure that you commission the machine only in closed atmosphere air and on a level surface.
- Provide a clearance space of 3ft (1m) around the compressor.
- The machine should be commissioned on a levelled surface.
- Use only the recommended input cable size and fuse for the machine.
- Connect the correct cable size to the machine wings.
- For input power supply conditions, refer to 5.1.6.

5.3.3 Starting the equipment

Press the start button and check the direction of rotation of the end pulley.

5.3.4 Starting and normal operation mode

When you switch on the machine, the motor runs in DOL/star delta mode. Within a few seconds, the inlet valve opens and the compressor starts loading.

5.3.5 Unloading mode

After reaching the maximum cut-out pressure, the pressure sensor estimates the pressure and cuts off the solenoid electrical supply. At this stage, the blow down valve unloads the separator tank and the compressor starts to run in energy saving mode.

When the compressor runs continuously unloaded for 5 minutes in energy saving mode, it shifts to rest mode. Unless the demand for air increases, the machine does not restart. When air pressure falls, the compressor automatically starts loading.

5.3.6 Stopping

Press the STOP button (red) on the controller to stop the compressor.

5.3.7 Changing the compressor settings

Change the compressor settings using the tactile keypad and LCD panel on the controller. (Refer to the Neuron manual for details on the control panel and interpretation of the message.)

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6.1.1 Maintenance intervals

Frequency	Part	Remarks
Daily	Oil level	Check
	MOS condensate	Check
	Warning / alarms	Check
	Condensate in AOS tank	Check
Weekly	Pre filter (air intake, cooler, control panel)	Clean
	Air filter element	Clean *
2000 hours or 6 months [#]	Oil & after coolers - air cooled (External)	Check & Clean
	Oil filter	Replace
	Oil	Sampling **
	Belt tensioning	Check & Re-tension
	Air filter element	Replace
	50 Hz motor - 2 pole grease	Replace
4000 hours or every year [#]	Pre filter (air intake, cooler, control panel)	Replace
	Oil – Air lube XD / Air lube FG	Replace
	Air-oil separator element – Air lube XD / Air lube FG	Replace
	50 Hz motor (4 pole) grease	Replace
	60 Hz motor (> 25HP) grease	Replace
	Return line sight glass / orifice / NRV	Check & Clean
	Return line strainer	Check & Clean
8000 hours or every 2 years [#]	Air-oil separator element - UT Synthetic	Replace
	Oil - UT Synthetic	Replace
	60 Hz motor (≤ 25HP) grease	Replace
	Electrical connections	Check
	Pipe coupling element	Replace
	Intake valve kit	Replace
	Thermal Valve Kit	Check & Replace
	MPV kit	Replace
	BDV kit	Replace
	Solenoid valve	Replace
	Safety valve	Replace
	Nylon tubes	Replace
10000 hours	Belt	Replace

- Whichever comes first

* - As per air filter clog indicator

** - For USA region only

Table 2. Maintenance intervals

NOTE

The above lifetime guidelines are applicable only to standard operating and regular maintenance conditions recommended in this manual. In the event of changes in the conditions, consult ELGi.

6.1.2 Daily operation

Prior to starting the machine, check the oil level in the separator tank. (See Starting the compressor in the Operation section.) Should the level be low, add the necessary amount. If you need to add oil too frequently, it may indicate that a problem has developed which is causing this excessive loss. Refer to the Troubleshooting section (excessive coolant consumption) for a probable cause and remedy.

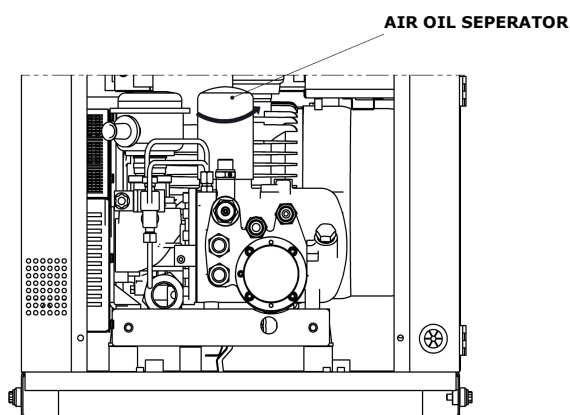
After a routine start has been made, observe the machine

and monitor whether correct readings for that particular phase of operation are being displayed. Good practice is to perform a general check on the overall machine and instruments after the machine has warmed up, to ensure that the compressor is running properly.

WARNING

Do not remove caps, plugs, or other components when the compressor is running or pressurized. Stop the compressor and relieve all internal pressure before doing so.

6.1.3 Air oil separator element (spin on type)



To disassemble the existing air oil separator

- Switch off and isolate the machine from the service line.
- Vent air oil separator tank pressure and allow the tank to cool for a few minutes.
- Hold the air oil separator outer shell by the removed strap belt and rotate it counterclockwise, until it completely unscrews.
- The hex adapter must be in the air oil separator head during disassembly.
- Check the recommended life of the air oil separator. If the recommended life is over, replace it with a new air oil separator.

Assembly of the new separator

- Ensure the gasket of the separator is not damaged.
- Clean the gasket-seating surface with a clean cloth.
- Apply a thin film of oil on the mating surface of the gasket.
- Replace the separator and rotate it clockwise by hand.
- Ensure no oil leaks from the mating surface. In case of leaking, check the gasket.
- After tightening by hand, rotate the separator further by hand for one and a half rotations.

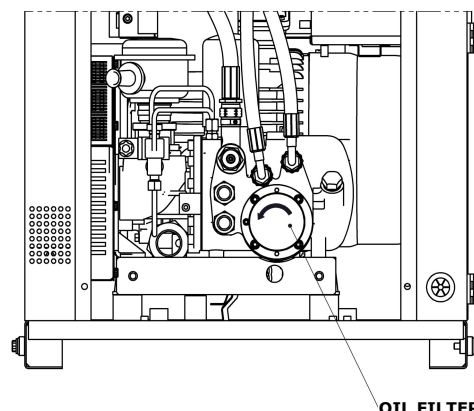
6.1.4 Oil filter (spin on type)

Disassembly of existing oil filter

- Switch off and isolate the machine from the service line.
- Vent air oil separator tank pressure and allow the tank to cool for a few minutes.
- Allow it to cool for a few minutes.
- Hold the filter shell by the removed strap belt and rotate it counterclockwise, until it completely unscrews.

Assembly of new oil filter

- Ensure the gasket of the oil filter is not damaged.
- Clean the seating surface with clean cotton.



- Apply a thin film of oil on the mating surface of the gasket.
- Replace the oil filter and rotate it clockwise manually.
- After tightening, rotate it further by hand for one and a half rotations.
- Ensure no oil leaks from the mating surface.

6.1.5 Oil cooler

External cleaning of oil cooler

- Isolate the machine from the service line.
- Vent separator tank pressure before performing maintenance activities.
- Use compressed air less than 36 psi g (2.5 bar) to clean the outer surface of the cooler.
- Replace the vent cover.

Internal cleaning of cooler

- Use a 5 percent% (by volume) mixture of caustic soda in water. Circulate this mixture at 140oF (60°C) in the cooler for 5 hours. If required, increase the duration of circulation.

WARNING

Do not burn or dispose of the cotton lint in the cooler fins. This may lead to deformation of the cooler.

It may also lead to expansion of the cooler joints, resulting in leakage.

6.1.6 Belt maintenance

The belts must be tensioned regularly in order to avoid compressor efficiency loss, belt slippage, and belt failures.

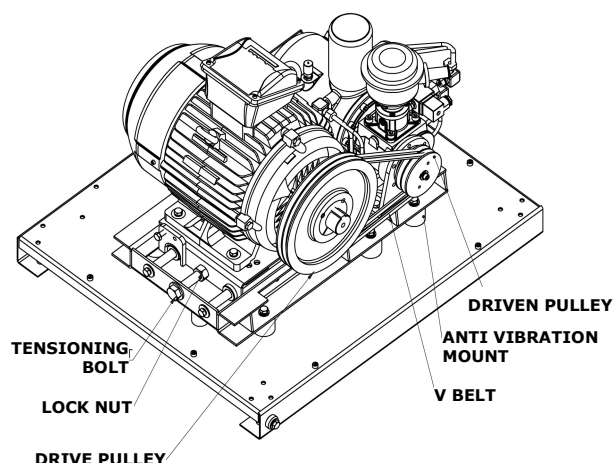
The belts are re-tensioned once every 2000 hrs.

To tension the belt:

- Switch off and isolate the machine from the service line.
- Isolate the machine from power supply.
- Unlock and remove the belt guard, rear panel, and motor side panel.
- Do not tension belts when hot. Let them cool down to <140°F (60°C) before performing belt maintenance.

- Loosen the lock nut mounted in the belt tension bolt.
- Screw the tension bolt clockwise.
- Check the belt tension.
- Tighten the lock nut.
- Switch on the machine and verify running.

6.1.6 Belt replacement



To replace belts:

- Switch off and isolate the machine from the service line.
- Isolate the machine from power supply.
- Unlock and remove the belt guard, rear panel, and motor side panel.
- Loosen the lock nut in the belt tension bolt.
- Screw the belt tension bolt counterclockwise for five revolutions.
- Remove the old belts.
- Remove and inspect the grooves for wear and tear.
- Check the new belts to see if they are cracked or damaged. If ok, place the new belts in pulleys without damaging the belt.
- Tighten the tensioning bolt.
- Check the belt tension. Increase the tension if required.
- Tighten the lock nut.
- Switch on the machine and verify that the belt runs without wobbling.
- Let the machine run for 30 minutes.
- Switch off the machine and allow the belts to cool sufficiently.
- Check the belt tension again.
- Repeat the belt tensioning procedure to set the belts up to the required static belt tension as specified in the drive table .

6.1.7 Belt and pulley data

Procedure for assembling taper lock bush	
Step 1	Clean and de-grease the bore and taper surfaces of the bush and the tapered bore of the pulley. Insert the bush in the pulley hub and line up the holes. (Half thread holes must line up with half straight holes.)
Step 2	Lightly oil the grub screws and screw them; do not tighten yet.
Step 3	Clean and de-grease the shaft. Fit the pulley by using the taper bush on the shaft and place it in the desired position.
Step 4	When using a key, it should be first fitted in the shaft keyhole. There should be a top clearance between the key and the keyhole in the bore of the bushing.
Step 5	Using the proper hexagon socket wrench, gradually tighten the grub screws in accordance with the torques as listed in the table below.
Step 6	When the drive has been operating under Step load for a short period (half to one hour), check and ensure that the screws remain at the appropriate tightening torque.
Step 7	Fill the empty holes with grease in order to remove dirt.

Torque values for taper lock bushes			
Taper lock bush number	Grub screw used	Qty	Torque value (lb. Ft)
1008 1108	1/4" BSW	2	14.1
1310 1315	3/8" BSW	2	14.8
1210 1215	3/8" BSW	2	14.8
1610 1615	3/8" BSW	2	14.8
2012	7/16" BSW	2	22.9
1610 1615	1/2" BSW	2	35.5

Torque values for standard fasteners / fittings	
Bolt size	Torque lb ft
M6	7.8
M8	18.5
M12	64
G3/8	52
G3/8 (For Aluminium interface)	44.2
HOSE Swivel nut	62.5

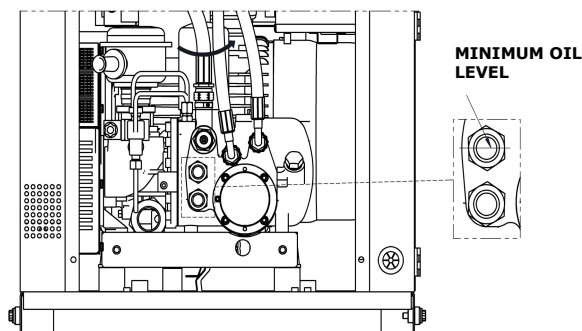
Drive table

DRIVE TABLE : EN15X - EN30 50HZ														
SL.NO	BELT & PULLEY PARAMETERS	UOM	15 - 7	15 - 9.5	15 - 12.5	18 - 7	18 - 9.5	18 - 12.5	22 - 7	22 - 9.5	22 - 12.5	30 - 7	30 - 9.5	30 - 12.5
1	DRIVE PULLEY PCD	mm	150	132	170	180	150	170	190	190	190	200	190	180
2	DRIVEN PULLEY PCD	mm	112	112	170	112	106	140	106	118	132	90	100	112
3	TYPE OF BELT	-	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ	XPZ
4	PITCH LENGTH OF BELT	mm	1250	1212	1362	1287	1237	1320	1287	1320	1337	1287	1287	1287
5	STATIC TENSION PER BELT (NEW BELT)	N	242-259	261-279	223-239	265-284	291-312	268-288	319-342	299-320	297-318	303-325	307-329	312-335
6	STATIC TENSION PER BELT (USED BELT)		207-224	224-242	191-207	227-246	250-271	230-249	259-280	256-277	254-276	260-281	264-285	268-290
8	NO OF BELTS	Nos	3									4		
9	SPAN LENGTH	mm	418	414	414	411	416	416	417	415	414	408	411	411
10	WEIGHT	g / m	60											

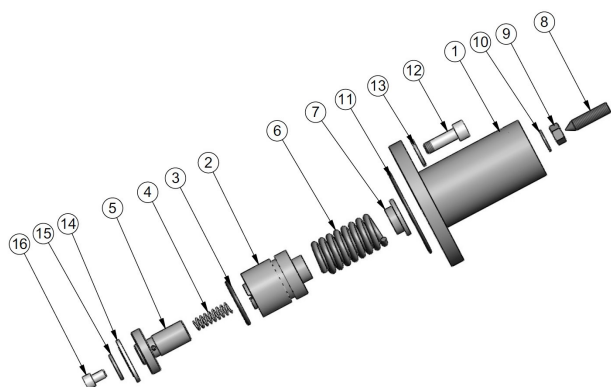
DRIVE TABLE : EN15X - EN30 60HZ																		
Sl.no	BELT AND PULLEY PARAMETER	UOM	15 - 100	15 - 125	15 - 150	15 - 175	18 - 100	18 - 125	18 - 150	18 - 175	22 - 100	22 - 125	22 - 150	22 - 175	30 - 100	30 - 125	30 - 150	30 - 175
1	DRIVE PULLEY PCD	mm	140	140	140	140	150	170	140	140	170	170	150	170	180	160	150	150
2	DRIVEN PULLEY PCD	mm	118	132	140	150	106	140	118	132	100	112	106	140	95	95	95	100
3	TYPE OF BELT	-	XPZ															
4	PITCH LENGTH OF BELT	mm	1212	1237	1250	1262	1212	1320	1212	1237	1212	1262	1212	1320	1237	1212	1202	1212
5	STATIC TENSION PER BELT	N / BELT	227 - 243	225 - 241	224 - 240	225 - 241	263 - 282	254 - 279	270 - 289	268 - 287	291 - 312	289 - 309	304 - 326	285 - 306	292 - 313	304 - 325	312 - 334	311 - 333
6	NUMBER OF BELTS	Nos	3												4			
7	SPAN LENGTH	mm	403	405	405	403	404	416	403	405	391	407	404	416	398	403	407	408
8	WEIGHT	g / m	60															

6.1.8 Oil level check

- Conduct periodic checks on the oil level.
- Top up oil if the oil level goes below the level shown above.



6.1.9 Minimum pressure valve



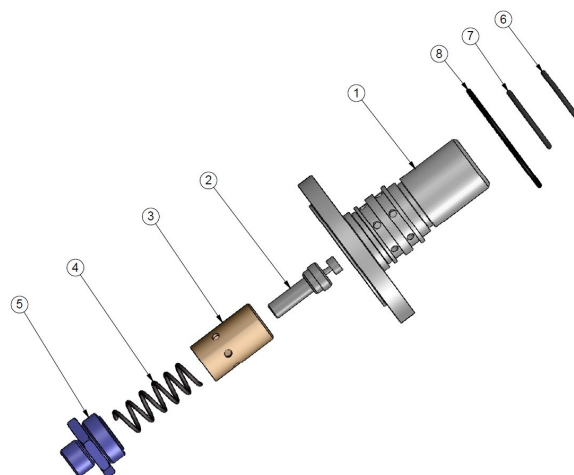
Before disassembling the complete valve from the airend, it is absolutely necessary to remove parts 12-15. Else, the threaded part of body 1 will be damaged. Before rem

Before removing check the distance between the end of the part 8 and the top of the part 1

- Unscrew the item 12,13-6 Nos and remove the same
- Remove the complete valve from the airend
- Dismantle the items 5,4,2,6,7 from item 1
- Dismantle the items 14,15,16 from item 5
- Remove the old O-ring 3 from item 2 and 11 from the mating tank and discard it
- Replace a new O-ring 3 in item 2, New O-Ring is available in the repair kit
- Replace a new O-ring 11 in the tank groove
- Replace the item 14 from repair kit
- Apply teflon grease on the interior of the part 1
- Re-assemble all the components
- Re-assemble the valve in the tank and tighten it with item 12,13 with appropriate torque
- Set the distance between the end of the part 8 and the

top of the part 1 as measured while dismantling

6.1.10 Thermal valve



- Disassemble the oil filter
- Disassemble the screw that fix the part 1
- Place the screws inside the removal tap of part 1 and tighten it
- Remove the complete valve
- Remove the orings 6,7 and 8 and discard
- Remove the nipple 5
- Remove the part 2,3 and 4
- Replace the parts 2 and 4 with new parts in the service kit
- Replace the new O-rings 6,7 and 8
- Apply teflon grease on O-rings 6,7 and 8
- Reassemble the complete valve

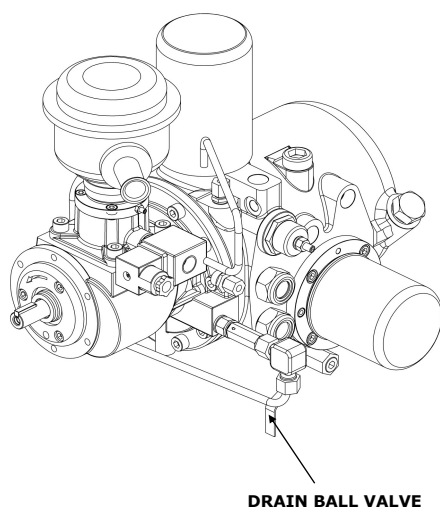
6.1.11 Condensate drain in tank

If the duty cycle of the compressor (running hours) per day is less than 16 hours, check for water condensation in the air oil separator tank. When the compressor switches off, the hot air inside the tank might condense when the surrounding temperature lowers. In such cases, drain the condensate from the separator tank weekly once or twice depending on the moisture quantity. The condensate, which is denser than oil, will settle at the lower part of the tank.

6.1.12 Procedure for draining the condensate

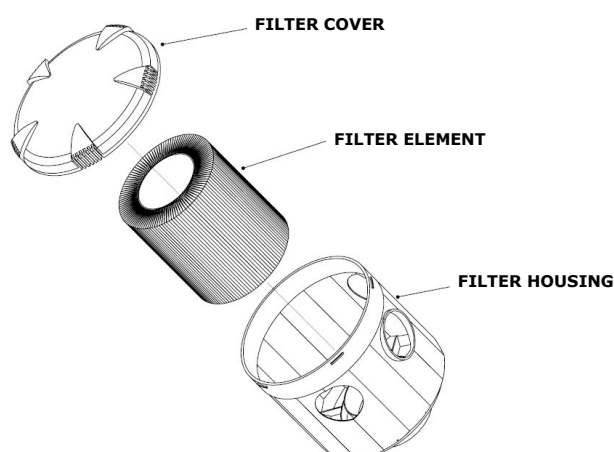
To drain the condensate in the tank:

- Switch off and isolate the machine from the service line.
- Unscrew the drain plug from the oil drain line.
- Slightly open the drain ball valve.
- Check for water in the valve outlet. Close the valve immediately after draining the water to prevent leakage of more oil.



- Replace the drain plug. Tighten it firmly to avoid leaks.
- Dispose of the drained condensate as per the local environmental procedure.

6.1.13 Air filter



Dismantling Air Filter:

- Shut down the compressor
- Release the clips of Air filter end cover by hand
- Pull the Air filter end cover away from the filter housing
- Take it out axially giving it a mild shake
- Bring the indicator back to normal position

Assembly of New Air Filter:

- Ensure the seal of filter element is not damaged
- Clean the filter element housing with cotton
- Insert the filter element axially into the filter housing by hand, free of oil and dirt
- Place the End cover on the filter housing and firmly clamping it with stretching clips

6.1.14 Intake valve

WARNING

Valves should not be opened when pressure is applied.

NOTE

The maintenance of following parts (valves) demands highly skilled authorized personnel. So, it is recommended that an ELGi service engineer does the maintenance.

Pre work:

- Switch off the compressor and disconnect power supply to the compressor.
- Close the discharge end ball valve.
- Release air oil tank pressure and allow the tank to cool for a 10-minutes.

Requirements :

- Soft cloth, grease, liquid cleaner, Allen keys, screw driver, spanner, pressure gauge, service kit (if needed).

Procedure :

Disassembly :

- Remove the hoses connected to the intake valve (Suction hose filter to intake valve pulse line, BDV line)
- Remove the intake valve
- Block the airend intake opening port, to avoid entry of any foreign particles inside the airend

Servicing of intake valve

- Replace the service kits (K2,K2/A,K2/B,K3,K2 block) in case of any failure or damage. Refer exploded view.

Function test :

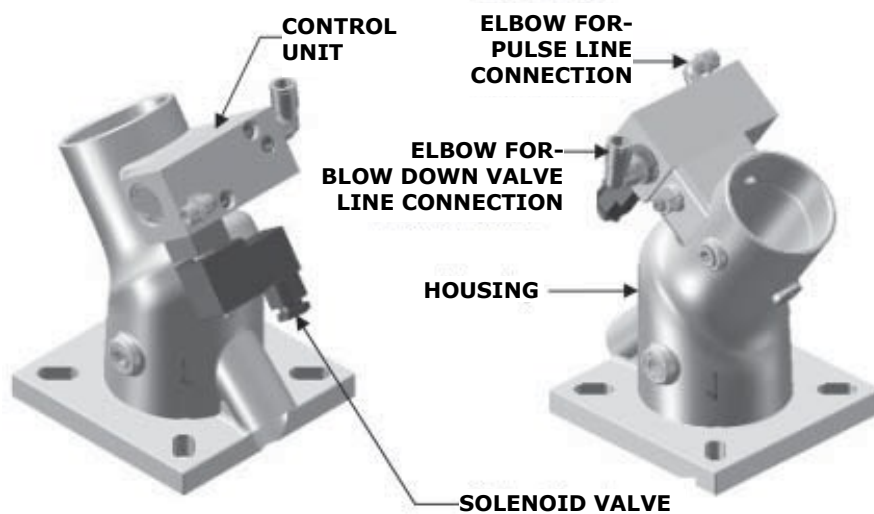
- Connect the pressurized air to the control block and test smooth opening and closing of valve for several times

Reassembly of intake valve

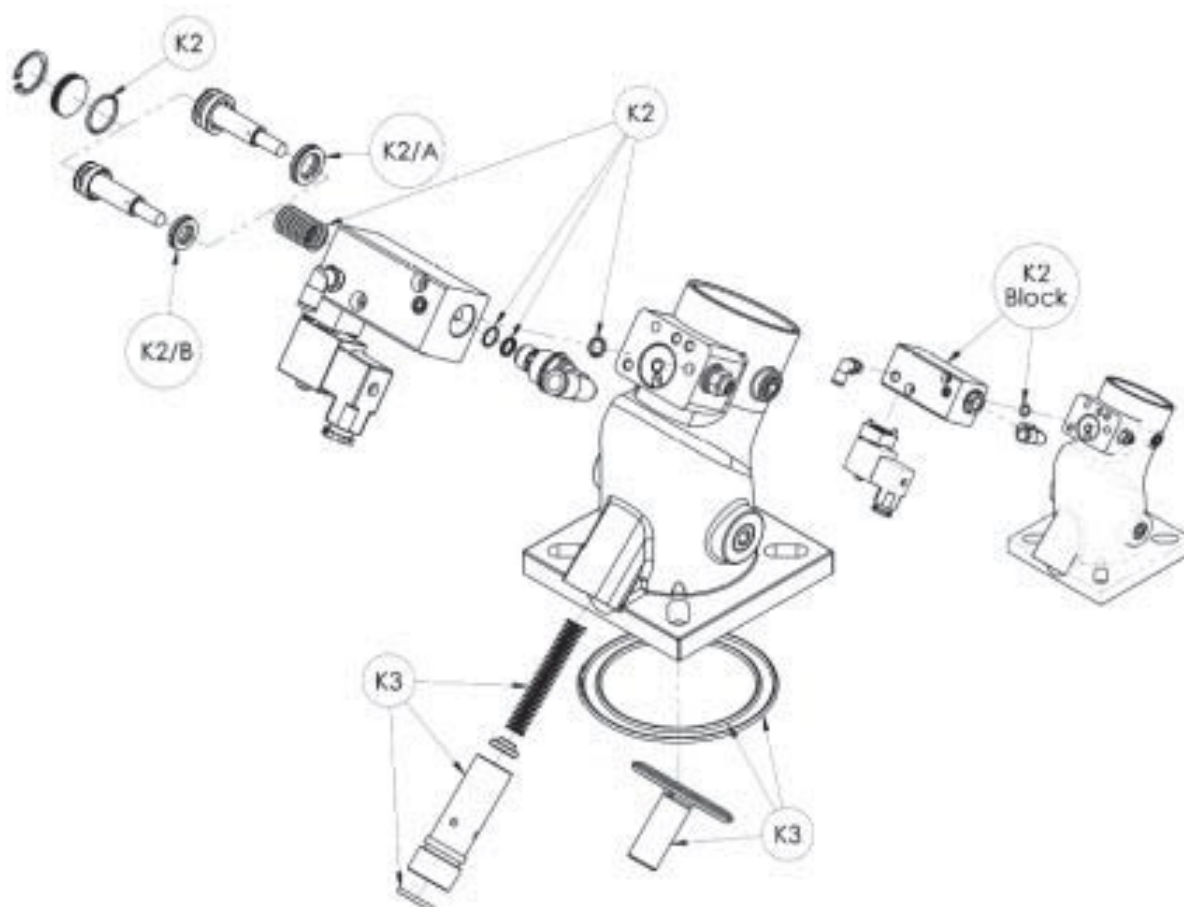
- Ensure intake valve mating place (adaptor plate) free from dust and foreign particles
- Clean if any dust and foreign particles present in intake valve mating place
- Mount the intake valve on the adaptor plate (refer intake system)
- Ensure presence of sealing ring at the bottom of intake valve
- Reconnect the pulse line, BDV line and suction hose areas must not be damaged.

6.1.15 Anti Vibration Mount

Anti Vibration Mount should be replaced during major overhaul of airend or motor. If no such situation, replace AVM every 5 years



S. no	Service kit	Part number	Description	Remark
1	K2	B009405770009	Spare kit block	Refer spare kit detail table for complete intake valve kit part number
2	K3	B009405770010(30 kW) B009405770011(37 & 45 kW)	Body spare parts kit	
3	K2 block	B009405770007	Control block unit kit (blowdown block kit)	



Intake valve—Exploded view

6.2 Troubleshooting

This guide includes the most likely problems with possible causes. In case of a problem, follow the diagnosis in sequential order as mentioned in the following charts. Before performing any work in this unit, be sure to cut off electrical supply, depressurize the entire compressor, and isolate the unit.

Problem	Cause	Solution (go sequentially)
Compressor not starting	Power supply not available	Restore incoming power supply.
	Incoming voltage is below limit	(1) Correct the incoming voltage.
		(2) Ensure the isolator is within 5m from the compressor.
		(3) Ensure sufficient power backup.
		(4) Select and use the correct cable size.
	Emergency stop switch in pushed condition	Rotate counterclockwise and release.
	Emergency stop switch malfunction	Clean or replace the emergency switch.
		Tighten the wires at terminals.
	Isolator fuse blown	(1) Select the correct fuse rating from the selection chart.
		(2) Check and correct the short circuit within the control panel.
		(3) Dedicated isolator to be provided to the compressor.
		(4) Check and correct the motor winding/body short after the megger test.
	Incoming phase-to-phase voltage imbalance of more than 5V	Correct incoming voltage.
		Adjust main incoming transformer tapping.
		Correct the power factor to less than unity.
	Incoming phase-to-earth voltage imbalance of more than 5V	Correct incoming voltage.
	Control MCB malfunction	Replace MCB
	Control fuses inside compressor control panel blown	Check for any short circuit or loose connection.
		Replace the solenoid valve/control transformer if defective.
		Replace the glass fuse (2A for Neuron, 1A for the control circuit).
	Control transformer fuse blown	Replace the control transformer if defective.
		Replace the glass fuse (0.25A for Neuron, 0.5A for the control circuit).
	No power supply to Neuron controller.	(1) Replace control transformer fuses.
		(2) Ensure tight connection of the 24V power supply connector to Neuron.
		(3) Replace the control transformer (50VA).
	No display in Neuron controller	(1) Replace the control transformer (50VA).
		(2) Replace the control fuse.
		(3) If 24V power supply to Neuron is okay, then replace with a new Neuron micro controller.

Problem	Cause	Solution (go sequentially)
High discharge oil temperature	Oil level is low	(1) Check and refill oil to correct the level (in stopped condition).
		(2) Refer to the diagnosis procedure for high oil carry-over.
		(3) Arrest oil leaks.
		(4) Ensure the correct grade of oil is used.
	Room temperature is higher than outside ambient temperature by 30°C (86°F)	Improve ventilation in the compressor room.
	Oil cooler clogged externally	Clean the cooler assembly/pre-filter mesh (if available) externally by first using a fibre brush and then by blowing compressed air at 87 psi g (6 bar).
		For sticky dust, remove the cooler, close all the cooler ports with dummy plugs, and do a water-wash with soap oil.
		Install the cooler pre-filter mesh.
	Cooling fan rotating in wrong direction.	Check and correct the wiring connection to the cooling fan.
		Replace with the correct fan type.
	Check fan motor fuse	Replace the fuse if blown.
		Replace with the 2A fuse.
	Cooling fan not working.	Check and ensure the neutral connection is complete.
	Temperature sensor malfunction	Replace the sensor.
		Tighten/recrimp the connection with the adaptor.
	Oil filter clogged	Replace the oil filter.
		If required, replace the oil (based on the condition of oil) and run the compressor.
	Thermal valve malfunctioning	Replace the thermal valve element.
	Oil injection orifice choked or improper size	Clean the oil injection orifice.
		Replace with correct size.
	Air filter clogged	Clean or replace the air filter.
	Air-oil Separator element clogged	Verify pressure drop is less than 14.5 psi g (1bar).
		Replace oil.
		Replace separator element.
	Poor quality of oil	Replace oil.
	Oil cooler clogged internally	Check for pressure drop across the oil cooler if less than 21 psi g (1.5 bar).
		Check and clean the cooler internally with 20L of isopropyl alcohol + toluene mixture in the 1:1 ratio and circulate for 4 hours with external 1 HP pump.
		Refit the cleaned cooler and, if required, replace oil (based on the condition of oil) and run the compressor.

Problem	Cause	Solution (go sequentially)
High oil carry-over	High oil level	Drain excess oil and maintain the recommended oil level.
	Oil is milky	Replace oil and maintain the recommended level.
	Scavenge return line tube clogged	Remove and clean the clogged scavenge return line tube.
		Replace the internal pipe.
	High discharge oil temperature (DOT)	Refer to the diagnosis procedure for high DOT.
	Improper grade of oil	Use ELGi recommended air lube oil.
	Separator punctured/collapsed	Replace with a new separator.
	Separator element bonding ruptured	Replace with a new separator.
	Compressor runs at lower pressure than normal.	1) Use a suitable higher capacity compressor or match demand to compressor capacity.
	Compressor runs at lower pressure than normal.	2) Arrest all line leakages.
	Minimum pressure valve (MPV) opens earlier than the specified opening pressure of 65 psi g (4.5 bar).	Replace MPV kit/assembly.
	Neuron microcontroller pressure settings: 1) Unload pressure set value is above specification. 2) High tank pressure set value is below	Check and correct unload pressure and high tank pressure values in the Neuron micro-controller.
		1) Check and replace the intake valve kit if required.
	Intake valve malfunction	2) Check the solenoid valve and clean or replace if required.
High tank pressure	Intake valve malfunction	3) Check and replace the actuator kit if required.
	BDV malfunction	Check/replace.
		Open the outlet ball valve.
		Check the solenoid valve and clean or replace if required.
	Neuron microcontroller malfunction	Replace the Neuron microcontroller.
	Pressure transmitter malfunction	Replace the pressure transmitter.
	MPV stuck up (check with pressure gauge in AOS tank)	Replace the MPV kit.
	Separator element choked	Replace the separator element.
	Pressure transmitter malfunction	Replace pressure transmitter
	MPV stuck up (check with pressure gauge in AOS tank)	Replace MPV kit.
	Separator element choked	Replace separator element

Problem	Cause	Solution (go sequentially)
Loading/unloading problem	No control air supply to solenoid valve	Replace/connect
	Solenoid valve malfunctioning	1. Replace the solenoid valve assembly.
		2. Clean the orifice.
	No electrical supply for energizing the solenoid valve	Replace the Neuron microcontroller.
	Intake valve malfunctioning	Check and replace the intake valve kit.
	Blow-down valve malfunctioning	1. Clean or change the BDV assembly.
		2. Clean the orifice.
	MPV malfunctioning	1. Check and change the MPV kit.
		2. Check and change the MPV assembly.
	1. Air requirement is more than compressor capacity	1. Replace the compressor.
		2. Arrest all pipeline leakages.
	3. Excess pressure drop in pipeline	1. Replace the compressor.
		2. Arrest all pipeline leakages.
	Pressure transmitter malfunction	1. Tighten the lap cable.
	Pressure transmitter malfunction	
	Pressure transmitter malfunction	
	Pressure transmitter malfunction	4. Replace the Neuron microcontroller.
		Replace the Neuron microcontroller.
		Disable 'unload mode' in the operator settings of the Neuron microcontroller.
		4. Replace the Neuron microcontroller
	Malfunction of R04 relay (loading/ unloading relay) in Neuron microcontroller	Replace Neuron microcontroller
	Unload mode enabled in Neuron microcontroller	Disable 'unload mode' in operator settings of Neuron microcontroller

Problem	Cause	Solution (go sequentially)
Pressure not built up	Inlet air pre-filter mat clogged	Clean/change the pre-filter mat by following these steps: Switch off the machine. Squeeze and pull out the pre-filter mat from the canopy. Clean the pre-filter with compressed air at less than 7 bar g. Refit the filter after cleaning.
	Clogged air filter element	Clean/change air filter element
	1. Air requirement is more than compressor capacity	1. Replace the compressor. 2. Arrest all pipeline leakages.
	2. Working pressure is lower than required application pressure	
	3. Excess pressure drop in pipeline	
	No control air supply to solenoid valve	Replace / connect the control line tubes.
	Solenoid valve malfunctioning	1. Replace the solenoid valve assembly.
		2. Clean the orifice.
	No electrical control supply to solenoid valve	Replace the microcontroller.
	Intake valve malfunctioning	Check and replace the intake valve kit.
	Blow-down valve malfunctioning	1. Check and change the BDV assembly.
		2. Clean the orifice.
	MPV malfunctioning	1. Check and change the MPV kit.
		2. Check and change the MPV assembly.
	Separator element choked (increase in pressure drop across separator)	Replace the separator element. If required, replace oil (based on the condition of oil) and run the compressor.
		2. Change pressure regulator assembly.
	Actuator failure (applicable only to EG 55 to EG 250)	Check and change actuator / kit / assy.
	Separator element choked (increase in pressure drop across separator)	Replace separator element. If required replace the oil (based on condition of the oil) and run the compressor.

6.3 Decommissioning, dismantling and putting out of service

If you do not intend to use the compressor or any of its parts, you must dismantle and put it out of service. These tasks must be performed in compliance with the standards in force of that particular country.

6.3.1 Waste disposal

- Use of the compressor generates waste. The residues from agricultural, industrial, crafts, commercial, and service activities must be treated as waste, which needs to be disposed of properly. Deteriorated or obsolete machines are also classified as waste.
- Special attention must be given to active carbon filters as they cannot be included in urban waste. Observe the waste disposal laws in force where the compressor is used.
- It is mandatory to record loading or unloading of exhausted oils, obsolete machines, and toxic harmful wastes that derive from heavy or light industry processes.
- It is especially important that exhausted oils be disposed of in compliance with the laws in the countries of use.

6.3.2 Dismantling the compressor

- Dismantle the compressor in accordance with all the precautions imposed by the laws in force in the country of use.
- Before dismantling, request an inspection by the relevant authorities. Disconnect the compressor from the electrical system.
- Eliminate any interfaces the compressor may have with other machines, making sure that interfaces between remaining machines are unaffected.
- Empty the air oil tank containing the lubricating oil and store in compliance with the laws in force.
- Proceed with the disassembly of the individual compressor components and group them together according to the materials they are made of: Steel, Stainless Steel, Aluminum and plastic parts.
- Then scrap the machine in compliance with the laws in force of the country of use.

6.3.3 Decommissioning the compressor

- Remove the foundation for the compressor.
- Unplug the power cable entry to the compressor.
- Drain the oil from the cooler and air oil tank. Dispose of it properly.
- Make sure all the compressed air is vented out through ball valves and safety devices residing in the compressor.
- Ensure that all the external supply lines have been properly disconnected from the compressor before decommissioning.

6.3.4 Disposal of consumables and replaced parts

- The moisture condensate separated from the compressed air contains oil particles. Disposal of condensate and the filter element is to be performed in accordance with the pollution control norms prevailing at the time of compressor installation or use.
- Parts of the compressor that are replaced have metal and rubber components. These may be recycled and disposed of according to pollution control regulations, respectively.
- Rubber items such as AVMs, coupling elements, and O-rings should be disposed of and replaced before running again.

NOTE

ELGi is not responsible for the disposal of old oil or condensate. It is the responsibility of the customer to dispose of the foregoing in accordance with local environmental statutory laws.

WARNING

The compressor does not give any warnings during short operating times. If it is operated below the dew point and moisture, then condensate may mix with oil. This will reduce the lubricating quality of the oil and lead to damage of the compressor.

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6.4.1 ELGi customer care system (ELGi CCS)

ELGi provides dedicated customer care and after-sales support through the ELGi customer care system (CCS), a computerized system developed in-house. The CCS aims to minimize the time taken to resolve customer complaints.

Service requests/complaints

The CCS toll-free telephone number 1800-425-3544 (accessible within India through BSNL and MTNL lines) takes the customer's call to our centralized customer care center in Coimbatore. Customers can register their service requirements or complaints here.

A unique tracking number is generated for each call logged by the CCS. The customer receives an automatic e-mail acknowledgement with the tracking number and details of the call for reference.

A service engineer is assigned to the call, and the date and time of the engineer's visit are communicated to the customer by e-mail. Every requirement or complaint must be resolved and closed in the CCS within a specified time limit, failing which the complaint is automatically brought to the notice of the manager. If the issue remains unresolved, it will get escalated to the managing director. The CCS ensures that not only the customer complaints are logged but they are also attended to on time, every time.

Enquires

A number of calls received by the CCS relate to customer queries regarding products and spare parts. The details are noted, and basic information on product specifications and usage are provided. The caller is then referred to a salesperson at the head office or the appropriate branch for follow-up.

The CCS database

The CCS also creates a database of customers, adding details of every new customer who calls, thereby building a large pool of installation details. These details are used to provide value-added services to improve customer satisfaction with ELGi products.

CCS-working hours

The ELGi CCS works for six days a week from 08:30 to 21:30 IST (Monday to Saturday).

Multi-lingual capability

The coordinators at the CCS are multi-lingual. They can handle calls in English and all the major regional languages of India.

Coverage: The CCS toll-free number 1800-425-3544 is accessible from the following areas:

- **Southern Region:** Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Kerala, Puducherry, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Andaman & Nicobar Islands.
- **Western Region:** Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Goa, Lakshadweep Islands.
- **Eastern Region:** Orissa, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Bihar and the North-Eastern states.
- **Northern Region:** Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Delhi, Haryana, Punjab, Uttaranchal, Himachal and Jammu & Kashmir.

Contact Numbers: You can contact CCS also with the following numbers:

Telephone: 0422-2589206 / 241 / 242 / 243/ 244 / 245 / 97900 21100

Fax: 0422-2589240

Please send the following details to the mail, thus enable us to take immediate action.

1. Name of the customer
2. Compressor model
3. Fab. number
4. Contact person name
5. Phone number
6. Nature of complaint
7. Hour meter reading

You may use the CCS by sending e-mail to: **ccs@elgi.com**

Customer satisfaction survey

If you have used the CCS, you may be contacted for your feedback on our after-sales support. Your response helps ELGi to improve its service.

International customers:

Refer contact information at the end of this manual book.

6.4.2 ELGi genuine spare parts

When ordering spare parts, refer to the lists provided in the parts manual and identify the part number. Specify the part number and quantity, in addition to the name plate details. Global support center of ELGi ensures the supply of the quality spares on time. Ensure that you are using the genuine spare parts so that your Compressor will be working efficiently and effectively. Refer to section 6.1.3 for details on need of using genuine spares.

Please contact our After sales team for any compressor accessory requirements like VFD, Air-Dryer, etc.

6.4.3 Air audit

We extend our proven capabilities in energy efficiency initiatives by carrying out air audits for our customers.

ELGi conducts audits and trains end users in key energy oriented functional areas. The audit reports prepared by ELGi experts' team include recommendations on short,

medium and long term measures for energy conservation, along with financial estimates and analysis for implementation.

This air audit objective is to provide the customer:

- The framework for systematic collection of data relevant to the efficient operation of compressed air systems.
- A thorough analysis about the performance of the compressed air system, identifying potential electricity savings and to provide sound recommendations for implementation of energy efficiency initiatives.

Data analysis will be comprised of the information about different areas such as air leakages, inappropriate use of compressed air, compressed air system network, compressed air system supply including compressor internal maintenance conditions and even more.

The final report issued to the customer end will serve the purpose of assisting concise, consistent and complete presentation of the analysis, findings and recommendations arising from a compressed air system audit.

Depending on the measurement, reporting and cost requirements from the customer end, the intensity in level of audit (base level or investment level) will be decided. Also post implementation monitoring after air audit will be provided if requested from the customer end.

For further information on air audit contact ELGi.

E-Mail: ccs@elgi.com

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6.5.1 Conversion tables

Description	From	To	Multiply by
Length (L)	Inches	Millimetres	25.4
	Metres	Inches	39.37
	Feet	Millimetres	304.8
	Metres	Feet	3.281
	Inches	Thou	1000
	Millimetres	Micrometres	1000
Area (A)	Square metres	Square feet	10.765
	Square feet	Square inches	144
	Square inches	Square millimetres	645.16
Volume (V)	Cubic metres	Cubic feet	35.315
	Cubic feet	Cubic inches	1728
	Cubic metres	Litres	1000
	Cubic feet	Litres	28.32
	US gallons (liq)	Litres	3.785
	Imperial gallons (liq)	Litres	4.546
Volumetric flow (Q)	Cubic feet per minute (cfm)	Cubic metres per hour (m ³ /h)	1.6988
	Cubic feet per minute (cfm)	lpm	28.32
	Cubic metres per hour (m ³ /h)	lpm	16.667
	Cubic metres per minute (m ³ /min)	lps	16.667
Mass (M)	Kilograms	Pounds	2.205
	Kilograms	Grams	1000
	Kilograms	Ounces	35.27
Pressure (P)	kg f/cm ² g	psi g	14.223
	psi g	Pascal	6895
	bar g	kg f/cm ² g	1.0197
	bar g	psi g	14.503
	psi g	kg f/cm ² g	0.0703
Temperature (T)	Degree Celsius (°C)	Degree Fahrenheit (°F)	°F = 9(°C)/5 + 32
	Degree Celsius (°C)	Kelvin (K)	K = °C + 273.15
	Degree Fahrenheit (°F)	Degree Rankine (°R)	°R = °F + 460
Heat (q), Work (W), Energy (E)	ft-lb f	Joules	1.35582
	ft-lb f	Btu	0.001285
	Joules	Calories	0.2388
	Btu/h	Calories/h	252
	Kilowatts	Btu/h	3411
Power (P)	Metric horsepower	Kilowatts	0.7355
	Imperial horsepower	Kilowatts	0.7457

Table 3: Conversion table

6.5.2 Torque values

The tightening torque values for bolts and screws used in ELGi Compressors are provided in this section for reference. The tolerance for the torque values is (-) 10% from the given value.

Thread size*	Tightening torque (N-m)	Tightening torque (lb-ft)
M4	2.9	2.13
M5	5.7	4.20
M6	9.8	7.22
M8	24	17.7
M10	47	34.66
M12	81	59.73
M16	197	145.28
M20	385	283.93

Table 4: Metric hexagonal head bolts and screws

Thread size (inches)	Tightening torque (N-m)	Tightening torque (lb-ft)
1/4"	45	33.19
1/2"	85	62.69
3/4"	170	125.38
1"	330	243.39
1 1/4"	430	317.15
1 1/2"	510	376.15

Table 5: BSP threads

Thread size (inches)	Tightening torque (N-m)	Tightening torque (lb-ft)
9/16"	149	109.8875
7/8"	579	427.0125

Table 6: UNF threads

* Property class of 8.8 only

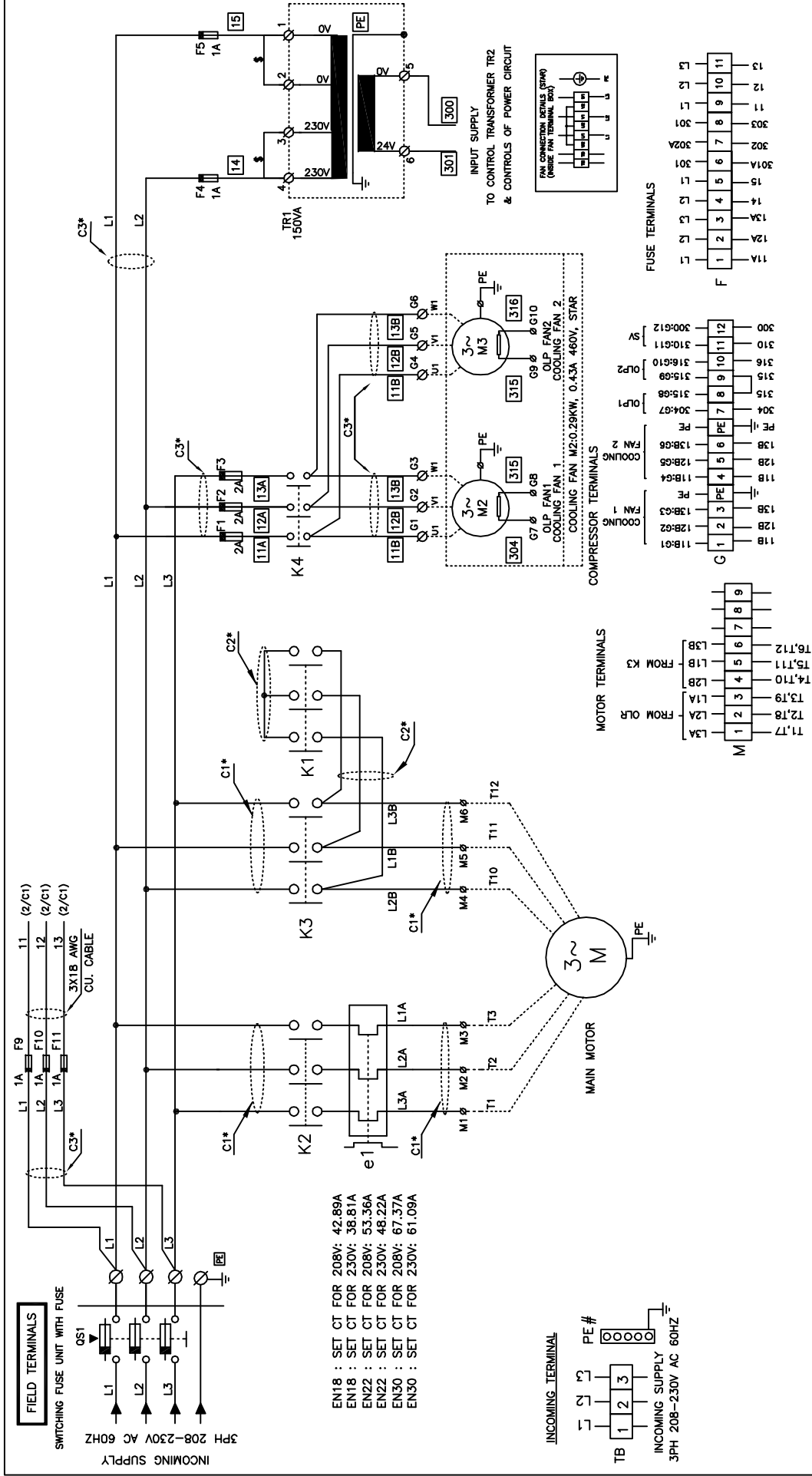
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Please read this document and the warranty terms accompanying the product carefully before using our product. By purchasing our product, you agree that you will assume total responsibility and risk for your use of the product. The warranty terms of the product have been provided separately.

1. ELGi is not liable for failure of the compressor (hereinafter “compressor” or “product”) to perform its obligations if such failure is as a result of Acts of God (including but not limited to fire, flood, earthquake, storm, hurricane or other natural disaster), war, invasion, act of foreign enemies, hostilities (regardless of whether war is declared), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power or confiscation, terrorist activities, nationalization, government sanction, blockage, embargo, labour dispute, strike, lockout or interruption or failure of electricity or telephone service and any other reasons beyond ELGi’s control.
2. ELGi does not take responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from neglecting the safety instructions, warnings, cautions, precautions, or non-observance of the normal caution and care required for installation, operation, maintenance and repair of the product, even if not expressly stated, and such instances are specifically disclaimed by ELGi.
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6. In no event ELGi shall be liable for any claims or loss having a value higher than the original purchase price of the product sold by ELGi or its network of authorised dealers.
7. These Disclaimers and the contents of this manual shall be subject to the laws of India and any disputes pertaining to this manual or anything stated therein or any product stated therein is subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts in Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu, India.
8. No liability in connection with the product will accrue to ELGi,
 - If any welding or related operation involving heat is carried out in the compressor. Never weld or modify any parts including pressure vessels.
 - If any damages to the product directly or indirectly arise due to long storage (6 months) of product and subsequent corrosion of internal parts and which leads to fire or malfunctioning of the product.
 - If the compressor package and its accessories are installed in such a way to allow moisture, rain, freezing temperature or sun damage to affect the safe operation of the unit.
 - If the person who operates / maintains the compressor does not adhere to all work related safety practices and regulatory requirements.
 - If unauthorized personnel other than ELGi authorized or trained personnel carries out commissioning, installation, operation, maintenance and any repair work on the compressor.
 - If the compressor and the compressed air are used for unintended use or are misused.
 - If the compressor is operated below or in excess of its pressure and temperature limits.
 - If the compressor “ON/ OFF” switch is operated through remote control situated away from the compressor location without giving any adequate notice / alarm before starting the product .

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NOTE:

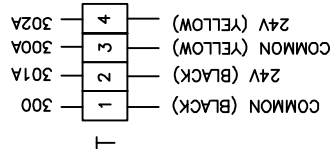
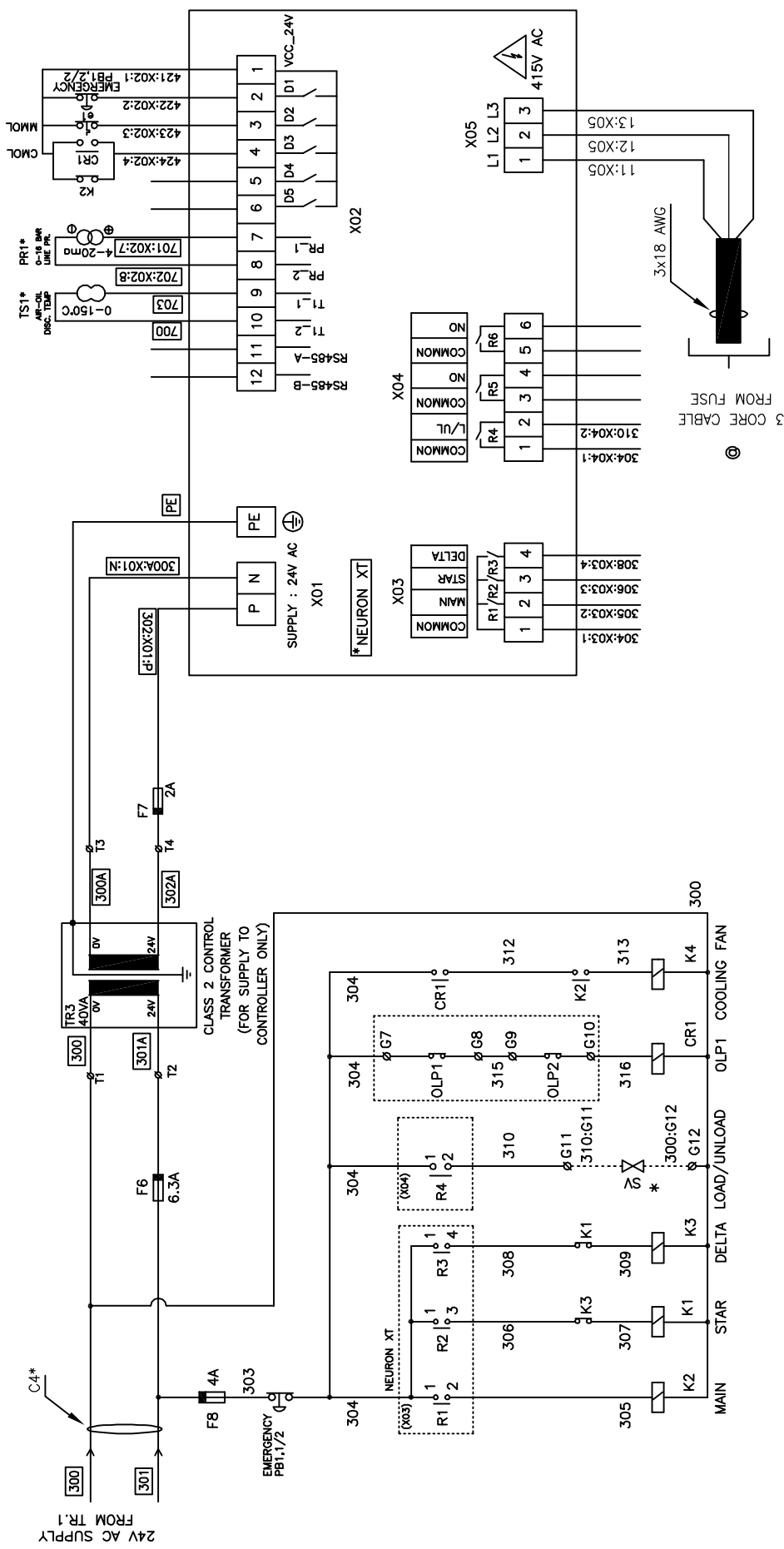
- FOR GEAR DRIVE DIRECTION OF ROTATION IS ANTICLOCK WISE FROM MOTOR DRIVE END.
(CONNECTION OF MOTOR TO CHANGE ACCORDINGLY)
- TO BE PROVIDED BY CUSTOMER
- SWITCHES AND CONTACTS ARE SHOWN IN PRESSURE FREE AND DEENERGISED CONDITION.
- LINKS FOR 460V CONNECTION IN TRANSFORMER.
- DEPENDENT UPON THE INCOMING CABLE SIZE FOR 18kW, RING SOCKET PROVIDED AS SPARE (208-230V : 25Sq.mm, 460V : 105sq.mm)
- DEPENDENT UPON THE INCOMING CABLE SIZE FOR 22kW, RING SOCKET PROVIDED AS SPARE (208-230V : 35Sq.mm, 460V : 105sq.mm)
- DEPENDENT UPON THE INCOMING CABLE SIZE FOR 30kW, RING SOCKET PROVIDED AS SPARE (208-230V : 50Sq.mm, 460V : 165sq.mm)

CONTROL PANEL 208-230V 60Hz 3PH
 EN18 : 018362203_R05
 EN22 : 018362205_R05
 EN30 : 018362207_R04

ELGi ELGI EQUIPMENTS LTD.,
 COIMBATORE - INDIA

POWER CIRCUIT

PAGE NO. 1 OF 4



- | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------------------------|
| * SV | — | SOLENOID VALVE |
| * PR1 | — | DISCHARGE LINE PRESSURE SENSOR |
| * TS1 | — | DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE SENSOR |
| * NEURON XT | — | CONTROLLER |

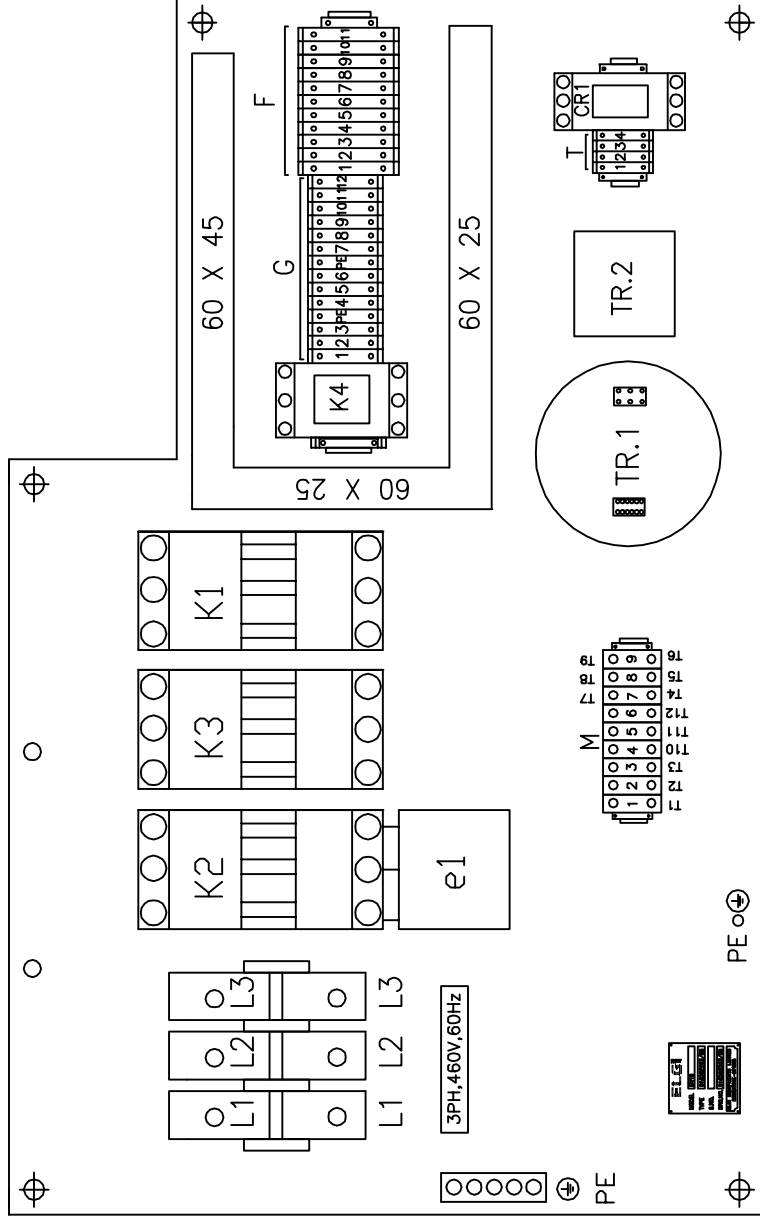
BILL OF MATERIAL

CODE	DESCRIPTION	MAKE	RATING	PART NO.	QTY
K2, K3	POWER CONTACTOR	SIEMENS	EN18 : 50A,3RT10 36-1AC20 EN22 : 65A,3RT10 44-1AC20 EN30 : 80A,3RT10 45-1AC20	008930106 008930107 008930108	2 2 2
K1	POWER CONTACTOR	SIEMENS	EN18 : 32A,3RT20 27-1AC20 EN22 : 50A,3RT10 36-1AC20 EN30 : 65A,3RT10 44-1AC20	008300020 008930106 008930107	1 1 1
K4	FAN CONTACTOR	SIEMENS	9A,3RT20 16-1AB01	008900130	1
TR1	MULTI TAP TRANSFORMER	PLITRON	150VA, 0-0-230-230V/0-24V	00893703A	1
TR2	CONTROL TRANSFORMER	BASIC ELECTRICAL	40VA; 0-24V / 0-24V	00893703C	1
e1	OVERLOAD RELAY MAIN MOTOR	SIEMENS	EN18 : 13-50A, 3RB20 36-1UB0 EN22/EN30 : 25-100A, 3RB20 46-1EB0	018362637 018362636	1 1
CR1	CONTROL RELAY	PHOENIX	2961192(24V AC)	008946236	1
G,T	TERMINALS	WAGO	281-101	018362734	16
G(PE)	TERMINAL	WAGO	281-107	018362733	2
-	GLASS FUSE	PROTECTOR	SLOW BLOW	-	-
F	FUSE TERMINALS	WAGO	281-611	018362735	11
TB	TERMINAL BLOCK - PHASE	PHOENIX	UHV 50 WITH HOOD	00894642J	3
END CLAMP	TERMINAL BLOCK - END CLAMP	PHOENIX	-	00894642G	4
M	MOTOR TERMINALS	CONNECTWELL	EN18/EN22 : CTS16U EN30 : CTS25U	008946320 008946222	9 9
PE	EARTH BAR STRIP FOR COMPONENT EARTH WITH 5mm SCREW WITH FLAT & SPRING WASHER	-	-	-	1
NXT	NEURON XT CONTROLLER	ELGi	-	018362887	1
-	NC CONTACT	SIEMENS	3RH19 21-1CA01	008900390	2
-	NO CONTACT	SIEMENS	3RH19 21-1CA10	008900380	1/2/2
PR1	PRESSURE TRANSMITTER	DANFOSS	-	00897902N	1
TS1	TEMPERATURE TRANSMITTER	DANFOSS	-	018400078	1
PB1	EMERGENCY STOP WITH FULL DIAL PLATE	ESBEE	EMN MH1+2 NOS NC CONTACT BLOCK	008940027	1
CONNECTOR	NEURON XT CONNECTOR	WAGO	PIN : 2,3,4,6,12	00897903T	1

CONTROL PANEL 208-230V 60Hz 3PH
EN18 : 018362203_R05
EN22 : 018362205_R05
EN30 : 018362207_R04

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BILL OF MATERIALS
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CABLE	SIZE (AWG)	SIZE (AWG)	SIZE (AWG)
	18KW	22KW	30KW
C1*	6	6	4
C2*	8	8	6
C3*	16	16	16
C4*	18	18	18



NOTE :

FOR BASE PLATE REFER LATEST REVISION DRAWING No. — 018362148

CONTROL PANEL 208–230V 60Hz 3PH
 EN18 : 018362203_R05
 EN22 : 018362205_R05
 EN30 : 018362207_R04

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PANEL LAYOUT

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